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大正四年三月廿七日

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## PEKING MILITARY CONFERENCE UNANIMOUSLY VOTES FOR WAR ON GERMANY!

### Dr. Gilbert Reid Arrested; Charged With Having Libelled President Wilson!

#### OFFENDING EDITOR OF PEKING POST IS TAKEN TO TIENTSIN

After Preliminary Trial  
He Will Be Brought  
To Court Here

#### ON GERMAN PAPER

Assumed Direction of Pe-  
king Sheet When China  
Broke Relations

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Peking, April 26.—Dr. Gilbert Reid, who, upon China's severance of diplomatic relations with Germany, became editor of the German organ, the Peking Post, was arrested, yesterday afternoon, by the marshal of the American Consulate at Tientsin, on a charge of libelling President Wilson.

He has been taken to Tientsin, where the case will be given a preliminary hearing, before being sent to Shanghai for trial.

Dr. Gilbert Reid, who is the head of the International Institute in Shanghai, has recently claimed sole ownership of the Peking Post.

#### KINSHIP OF ENGLISH AND CHINESE WORDS TRACED

Mr. George Lanning Finds  
Many Similarities; An In-  
teresting Paper

The vast similarity between the English and Chinese languages, as well as between the English and many other languages, suggests that, thousands of years ago, all people on the earth spoke a common language. Such was the thought expressed by Mr. George Lanning, in a talk entitled "The Kinship of the English and Chinese Languages," given before the members of the Royal Asiatic Society in their rooms yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Lanning speaks with the conviction of a man who knows his subject thoroughly. His knowledge of the Chinese language dates back to 1875, when he first learned the Shanghai dialect. For years, Mr. Lanning has made a careful study of languages, specializing in Chinese, and while he seems very sure of his deductions regarding the kinship of the English and Chinese languages, his remarks were made in the form of suggestions.

The speaker opened his talk with a brief introduction on languages. He told of the three classes of languages—the rudimentary, inflectional, and the isolating, the Chinese language belonging to the latter division. Mr. Lanning showed, by blackboard illustrations, how words change during their lifetime, and in the end are perhaps a 250th cousin of the original word.

Mr. Lanning expressed the opinion that spelling counts for little in comparing the similarity of languages, in fact it has led many investigators astray. It is sound that really matters. He went on further to say that the proof of the remarkable kinship between the English and Chinese languages could not be found in direct facts, but through indirect words, or evidence.

From 4,000 Chinese words, which he has compared with a like number of similar English words, Mr. Lanning selected a number of examples to uphold his belief. For instance he compared the transliterated Chinese words with the English, Ho with home; Hu with house; Min with man; Chou with child; Chi with she, and many more. In each case the sound of the words was strikingly similar. He took a number of Anglo-Saxon words and compared them with Chinese words, meaning the same thing. An example is the earliest English word for island, ait; in the Shanghai dialect the word for island is transliterated ai. Many other words displayed on the blackboard bore close similarity in sound.

The Shanghai dialect, said Mr. Lanning, always cuts off the tail of a word and each syllable stands by itself. Many of the words handed down by our forefathers, said Mr. Lanning in closing, are to be found in the Chinese language.

#### Haig Captures Over 3,000 Prisoners; More to Count; 54 Planes Brought Down

Disputed Points Frequently Change Hands, Finally Re-  
maining with British; Advance on Whole Front

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 25.—Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reported yesterday evening: Further information regarding the battle on Monday shows that the fighting was exceptionally fierce. Seven divisions of German troops (about 140,000 men) were engaged on the Croisilles to Gavrelle front. Several points of tactical importance changed hands more than once, but all remained in our possession, except a few buildings northward of Roeux.

Our massed artillery shattered frequent counter-attacks, while those of the enemy penetrating our barbed wire were cut down by rifle and machine-gun fire. One British corps took prisoners belonging to four divisions. We advanced on the whole front.

Considerable fighting has occurred today, though it has been somewhat less fierce at a number of points of the battle-front. Our progress continued and between Seneffe River and Monchy-le-Preux our line advanced to within a few hundred yards of Fontaine-le-Croisille and Cherisy.

A counter-attack delivered by strong enemy forces, in the neighborhood of Gavrelle, this afternoon, was broken up by our artillery and driven back in disorder. Over 2,000 prisoners have been passed to the rear since Monday morning and others have not yet been counted.

#### Much Air-Fighting

There was a greater amount of air-fighting on Monday than on any previous day. Our aeroplanes attacked the enemy's machines wherever they found them, going far behind the enemy's lines, bombing railways, dumps and aerodromes and compelling the enemy to give battle.

Fifteen German machines were destroyed and twenty-four driven down. A large three-seater was brought down in our lines and its occupants taken prisoners. Two of our machines are missing.

Sir Douglas Haig reported today: We captured the hamlet of Billhem, north-eastward of Trescault, during the night.

Fighting occurred early this morning along our front between the River Cojeul and the River Scarpe. We

made further progress and secured the ground gained.

#### Over 3,000 Prisoners

We have taken 3,029 prisoners, including 56 officers, since the 23rd.

Sir Douglas Haig reported this evening: We slightly advanced our line today, southward of the River Scarpe, where two field-guns were captured on Tuesday. Many thousands of Germans lie dead on the battle-field we now occupy.

The fine weather on Tuesday facilitated many successful air-raids and the bombing of railway junctions, aerodromes, billets and dumps. A large bomb struck the engine of a moving train. The engine was blown off the line and the train wrecked. Hostile troops and transport were also successfully engaged by our air-craft with machine-guns.

There was much fighting in the air. Seven German machines were brought down, eight driven down and two balloons destroyed. Six of our machines are missing.

#### German Bulletins

(By wireless).—A German official communique issued yesterday evening reported: There has been fighting the whole day long for Gavrelle and new attacks have been made by the British along the Arras to Cambrai road.

A German official communique today reported: The fighting for Gavrelle has continued since yesterday morning. Southward of the Scarpe, a British attack, made on a wide front, on both sides of the Arras to Cambrai road, broke down, after violent hand-to-hand fighting, with heavy losses. We took 650 prisoners on Monday and destroyed several "tanks."

On Monday and Tuesday, the British and French lost 39 aeroplanes.

The Bulgars repulsed British attacks between the Vardar and Lake Doiran. A German official communique this evening reported: Three attacks made by the British, northward of Monchy, were repulsed, with heavy losses.

#### Heaviest Casualties Yet

Reuter's correspondent at British headquarters today says: The valley of the Scarpe continues to be the center of the fierce fighting going on

(Continued on Page 2)

#### U-Boats Destroy 55 British Ships in Week

Also 9 Fishing-Vessels; Forty  
Victims Were Over Ton-  
nage Of 1,600

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 25.—The Admiralty announces: The arrivals of merchantmen at ports of the United Kingdom, last week, totaled 2,585 and the sailings 2,621.

Vessels over 1,600 tons sunk numbered 40 and under 1,600 tons 15, while 27 were unsuccessfully attacked. Nine fishing-vessels were sunk.

#### FRENCH COMMISSIONERS ARRIVE IN WASHINGTON

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, April 24.—The French Commission, headed by M. Viviani and Marshal Joffre, has arrived.

#### LORD SUFFOLK SLAIN

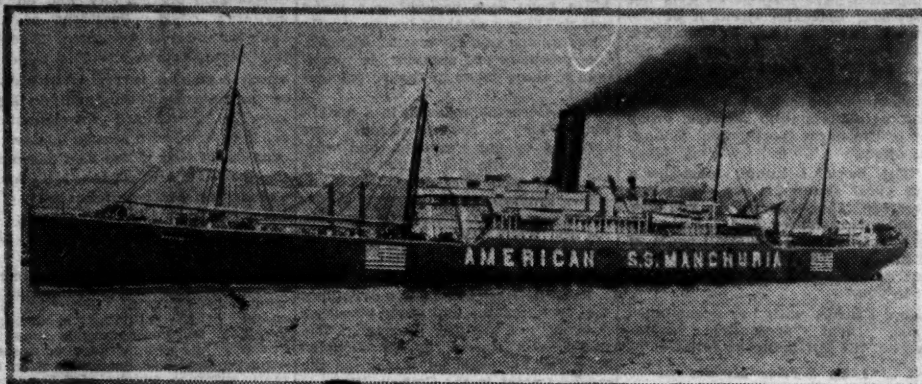
(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 26.—Major the Earl of Suffolk and Berkshire, of the Royal Field Artillery, has been killed.

#### The Weather

Rain is possible again. The maximum temperature recorded yesterday was 65.8 and the minimum 53.4, the figures for the corresponding day last year being respectively 69.3 and 50.9.

#### Old Pacific Mail Liner Braves U-Boat Dangers



The American Line steamship Manchuria, Captain Adrian Zeeder, armed fore and aft, was the second American armed ship to brave the U-Boat peril. She arrived at a British port on March 27, a few days behind the St. Louis. The famous old Pacific Mail liner carried 15,000 tons of food and war munitions. She averaged 14 1-4 knots for the trip, about the same speed that she made on the Pacific.

#### BRITAIN ALLOWED TWO MONTHS TO ECONOMISE

Alternative Will Be Compulsory  
Rationing; Shipping Wast-  
ing, Says Controller

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 25.—The House of Lords, today, had a debate on the limitation of food. The Food Controller, Lord Devonport, impressed the necessity for the reduction of the consumption of bread to 4 lbs. per head per week. He said that the consumption of meat has been considerably reduced, but the sugar allowance must be reduced to half a pound per head weekly.

"It will depend on the consumption of bread and other food-stuffs by the people, within the next two months, whether compulsory rationing will be necessary." He warned his audience that, in the meantime, the machinery for placing everybody on rations was being organized and declared that, if a diminution of consumption was not accomplished, they would not get through to the next harvest, except with severe privation.

A vast tonnage was locked up in military transport, their shipping resources were in no way assured and their shipping was daily wasting, although their existence depended on it. There was no immediate prospect of the release of the shipping locked up, but he was not dependent concerning the situation, which could and would be faced, but only by a diminution of consumption.

#### Both Armed Forces Must Quit Chengtu

Tai Kan Takes Charge; Foreign-  
ers Are Safe, But Have  
Narrow Escapes

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Chengtu, April 24.—An agreement was reached yesterday evening and both the Yunnanese troops and General Liu Chuan-hao's men will leave the city today and allow General Tai Kan to take charge. Some of the Yunnanese have already left, while others are collecting coolies to transport their baggage.

All foreigners are safe, though there were a number of remarkable escapes from bullets and shells. The country districts are perfectly peaceful.

#### Gen. Liu for Trial

President Li, by Mandate, has deprived Liu Chuan-hao of the office of Chiangchun of Szechuen and ordered him held for trial. His troops have been held to be at fault in the recent fighting.

#### Still Hope Airman Robinson Is Alive

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 25.—In the House of Commons, today, Major Baird stated that there was reason to believe that the missing airman, Lieutenant Robinson, V.C., was alive.

#### Co-operative Society Here Plans to Reduce Higher Cost of Living

People who have been to Great  
Britain will remember seeing co-  
operative stores in various towns,  
especially in the North. In 1884

twenty-eight weavers from the renowned district of Rochdale, dissatisfied with the heavy toll demanded by capitalists and middlemen for commodities, determined to find a means of supplying their daily needs along more economical lines. As a result the first co-operative society was founded by these men. By gradual growth the Society reached commanding proportions and today is known as the Co-operative Wholesale Society, Limited, of Manchester, which is a federation of retail societies.

The Shanghai Co-operative Society, Limited, of which an account appeared in yesterday's CHINA PRESS, has been formed with the object of becoming a member of the Manchester Society, and will enable its members, and others, living in the Far East to obtain home products at reasonable prices. Such is the information obtained from the new Society's prospectus.

Housewives, who have chewed up all their lead pencils in their efforts to reduce the high cost of living, will now be able to buy new lead pencils at reduced prices. Domestic articles of every description will be handled, and the prices asked will be compatible with fair trading.

Any person buying one share of stock in the Society becomes a member, further states the prospectus. A dividend of five per cent each year will be paid to those members whose purchases from the Society for that year are equal to, or exceed, the amount of their share capital. Two and one-half per cent will be paid each year to other members. All purchases made from the Society must be on a cash basis.

The honorary committee is at present composed of Messrs. W. H. Emberley, Chapman Leach, J. Timmins, Edward Kilner, John Darroch, D. D., J. Noble, H. Upton, A. R. Scott and H. W. Stride.

The Society's offices are now located at 46 Peking Road, where applications for shares may be made. The doors of the society's store will be opened for business next month on Broadway.

#### BISHOP F. R. GRAVES ON AMERICA IN THE WAR

For the annual Church Parade of the Shanghai Volunteer Corps at the Cathedral next Sunday, we understand Bishop F. R. Graves, of St. John's, Jessfield, will preach the sermon. It is expected that he will base his remarks on America's entrance in the war.

#### VON HINTZE IN AMERICA

The Chinese Consul-General at San Francisco has cabled that the former German Minister to China, von Hintze and his party arrived there April 22. They will proceed to New York and sail from there for Copenhagen on the Dutch steamer Frederick.

#### 25 CHIEFS FROM PROVINCES HEAR POLICY OF TUAN

Tuchun of Kiangsi, Convert  
To Extreme Measures,  
Leading Advocate

#### CHINA'S CHANCE

Should Abandon Tradition-  
al Isolation; Get In Con-  
tact With World

#### MINISTERS TO GO?

Assert Possibility Of Pre-  
mier Being Left Alone;  
He Seeks Unity

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Peking, April 26.—Yesterday afternoon, the Military Conference, after an explanation of the policy of the Government by Premier Tuan Chi-jui, passed a resolution, unanimously, in favor of a declaration of war against Germany.

The provincial representatives number twenty-five, of whom eight are Tsuchuns, namely, the Tsuchuns of Chihli, Hupeh, Fukien, Kiangsi, Honan, Shansi, Kirin and Shantung, while the remainder are the Military Governors of Chahar and Suiyuan. General Nieh Shih-chung and representatives of the other Tsuchuns.

The Tsuchun of Kiangsi, Li Shun, who was previously reported as being opposed to the entry of China into the war, in a lengthy speech endorsing the policy proposed by the Premier, pointed out that this was the opportunity for China to abandon her traditional policy of isolation and come in close contact with the rest of the world.

#### Cabinet Dissolving From View

Peking, April 25.—(Eastern News Agency). The Military Conference seems to have an important bearing on the internal political questions and the political schemers are reported to be utilizing it to overthrow the Tuan Cabinet. Three Ministers in the Cabinet have decided to resign, and if they really resign there will be such a curious phenomenon as that Premier Tuan only will remain in office.

A certain observer says that Li Ching-hsi, who is looked upon as the candidate for the post of Minister for Finance, will not come to Peking even though his appointment may pass Parliament but he will ask Tuan to effect a total resignation of the Cabinet and Li Ching-hsi will become a provisional Premier to form a new Cabinet. Anyhow it may be seen that the Tuan Cabinet is in a critical position.

#### Tuan Seeking Unity

Premier Tuan Chi-jui, having got the Military Conference to endorse his foreign policy, will send deputies to the South to reach an agreement with Kang Yu-wei, Sun Yat-sen, Tsen Chun-hsuan and Tong Shao-yi, et al.

#### Mail Notices

#### MAILS CLOSE

#### For Japan:—

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Hakul M. Apr. 27  
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yawata M. May 1  
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Katori Maru May 3  
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yushiro M. May 5  
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Oni Maru May 8

For U.S., Canada, and Europe:—  
Per T.K.K. s.s. Korea Maru May 3  
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Awa Maru May 6  
For Europe:—  
Per N.Y.K. Hirono Maru May 2  
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Fushimi M. May 5

The American mail is due here on or about May 5, per P.M. s.s. Venezuela.



## Mr. Pearce Makes Appeal For Fire Brigade Volunteers

More Needed to Man Fine Equipment Now Provided; Yesterday's Inspection and Pumping Display

There doesn't seem to be any end spent. You are quicker to fires, to the trouble that etiquette can make. There was another instance of it down on the Bund, yesterday, when the Fire Brigade, looking their prettiest for the annual inspection by the City Fathers, gave a gratuitous display of waterworks.

Warning had been given previously that spectators should look out for the spray and so you saw every fresh arrival—there were about five hundred foreigners and that again in thousands of Chinese—cocking their eyes up to catch the direction of the wind and taking station accordingly. But they didn't reckon on firemen's etiquette.

A lot of water leaks out of hoses and forms miniature seas and, when a fireman bawls out something mysterious which you have got to be a fireman to understand, along tear the firemen through the surplus liquid, because they have got top boots on, and drench everyone. They don't mean to be unkind, but it is firemen's etiquette to always be in a hurry.

Mrs. Pearce was the only one to escape a drenching and that only because the gallant Councillors formed a massive, unbreakable and waterproof ring round her.

Never mind, the firemen did show, anyway, that, with the splendid apparatus they now have, they can pump water from the river and throw it well above the six-storyed Palace Hotel. Further, although a whole lot of them got long-service medals yesterday, they are by no means crooks and surely can move around.

The show went on for half-an-hour or so and then the Commander of an American gunboat sent a landing party ashore to say that there was no telling how soon he would have to go out and fight a few battles, and therefore, for the sake of fighting etiquette, would the firemen kindly beat it whilst there was a foot of water under his keel.

And now that it is all over, we make haste to ask: Why didn't they bring off this stunt at the Race Course? It could do with a week's rain, for the sake of the ponies and here was a month's supply of it wasted on Mr. Macgregor's carefully tended greens. As to the show itself, it was splendid. A selection of apparatus from each station mobilised on the foreshore, all dazzlingly bright and the men in charge ditto and the whole turnout, together with the fire-boat, was carefully inspected by Chairman E. C. Pearce, who was accompanied by Count Jezieraki, Mr. A. S. P. White Cooper and Mr. W. H. Trenchard Davis, chairman of the Fire Insurance Association.

This over, Mr. Pearce addressed the men, as follows:

"I have always considered that one of the most pleasant duties the Chairman of the Council has to perform is to take part in the annual Fire Brigade presentation of medals and attendance cups to those successful firemen who so well deserve them by their voluntary services to the community. More especially is it so on this occasion, as it has fallen to my lot to heartily congratulate those volunteer firemen of the old Brigade who served for so many years in the past, without any tangible recognition, but who will today receive their long service medals, a token of esteem and gratitude from the community of Shanghai.

"The Volunteer Fire Brigade of Shanghai is now in its 51st year, your jubilee was held last year and, from an original hook-and-ladder Brigade, you have now grown to an all-motor one, thus maintaining your reputation as one of the most up-to-date Volunteer Fire Brigades in the world.

"The total number of calls last year was 190, of which 81 were general alarms, while, as I told you at the annual meeting of ratepayers, last March, the actual percentage of loss of property by fire was the lowest for many a year, thereby endorsing the efficiency of the Brigade. The expenditure on the replacement of the old gear by motor gear has already proved itself money well

with which the enemy were flung upon us.

Moreover, our artillery sometimes catches them before they can advance. For instance, the Germans continued to mass in Vert Wood and Hart Wood, just east of Monchy-le-Fraux. Throughout yesterday and last night, our batteries maintained a searching fire on these woods and it is pretty certain that these smoking places are now littered with dead.

### Keen on Gavrelle

Reuter's correspondent states that Gavrelle has been the objective of nine violent German counter-attacks in the past twenty-four hours, all of which our artillery repulsed. The German losses in these attacks have been terrible, because they had to cover a considerable expanse of open ground.

Their prodigal use of infantry is without parallel. The ratio of our infantry losses is much lighter than in the earlier battles of the Somme.

The lesson of the present great battle is that the main German armies, in obedience to the initiative of the Allies, have been brought to a stand and the flower of their troops, mostly Pomeranians and Bavarians, engaged. Our prisoners are superior in physique to those taken in earlier engagements.

4,000 Germans, massing in a certain wood, for a counter-attack, were observed by our air-men and were shelled to death, the British batteries filling the wood with gas-shells.

The English troops, at many points on Monday, went into battle wearing red and white favours, in honor of St. George's Day.

### Rivulet Becomes Historic

The tiny river Scarpe is outliving the Yser, Somme and other places as a scene of historic carnage. The Scarpe was chosen by Sir Douglas Haig for his principal attack, as the weakest point in the German line.

Its valley leads directly to Douai, the center of the German defences and it will not require great progress here to cause the evacuation of Lens. Then the main German position between Drocourt and Queant, which is an extension of the Hindenburg line and which there is reason to believe is unfinished, will be threatened and the way will be open to the broad plains leading to Belgium.

Thus, Sir Douglas Haig is striking a blow at the heart of the invader.

A statement issued by the War Office, commenting on the German communique yesterday, scathingly exposes the new German methods of attributing to us designs we never entertained, in order to prove that they have completely failed. It closely examines and simultaneously explodes the claims of German successes, made in the communique, some of which are alleged at places where no attacks were made, while at others we won and retained our objectives, with moderate losses.

### German Anxiety

It concludes: "It can safely be said that this German document is the most encouraging indication we have yet had of the state of mind of the German army and people and the anxiety with which the German headquarters regard the situation. We did not attack the suburb of Lens or Avion, which are a considerable distance from our line.

"Our attack was made on a front of fourteen, not thirty kilometers. We captured Gavrelle, Guemappre and the outskirts of Roex, which villages were our sole objective.

### With the French Army

Paris, April 25.—The official communique issued yesterday evening reported: The day has been marked chiefly by artillery actions along the whole front. We continued our destructive fire against the enemy's batteries and organizations in the regions of St. Quentin, the Oise, Corbeny, Juvincourt and in the Champagne. Explosions occurred in a certain number of batteries.

We brought back four 105-millimeter mortars captured during the fighting on the Plateau of Chemin-des-Dames. Up to the present, we have not counted our gains.

Near Moronvillers, our light troops penetrated the German trenches, which they found full of corpses.

A Belgian communique reports very heavy artillery actions along their front.

The communique this afternoon reported:—We made progress south-east of Cerny-en-Laonnais, in the region of the Aisne and took some prisoners. Our fire stopped dead a German attack, after a violent bombardment, in the neighborhood of Hurbise and Vauclerc Plateau.

We also advanced near Mon-sans-Nom, in the Champagne and captured prisoners and a gun. Enemy raids near Tahure and Maisons-de-Champagne failed, leaving many dead on our wire.

## Handsome, 4-Floored Foreign Structure Is Erected In Chungking

Young Brothers Banking Corporation Fitting It Up In Most Modern Style

### Special Correspondence of the China Press

Chungking, April 11.—Chungking, the commercial center of Szechuen, is becoming every year more important from the point of view of foreign trade and the tendency of Chungking people to adopt foreign methods is strikingly shown by the large number of foreign style business premises and residences erected here in recent years.

What is probably the largest business block in Szechuen has just been opened by the Young Bros. Banking Corporation of this city and on the invitation of the President of this bank a number of foreigners inspected the premises today. The building, which compares favorably with similar structures in Shanghai or Hankow, is constructed throughout of brick covered with cement plaster; it consists of four floors and basement, together with roof garden, attic rooms and tower which extends fifty feet above the roof-top, containing altogether 75,000 square feet of floor space.

It is arranged in three sections, a center portion and two wings, somewhat resembling the letter H. The center of the building is designed specially for conducting a banking business, the ground floor contains a large banking hall accessible from the main entrance which is of handsome design and constructed of red and white sandstone; this portion of the building will be occupied entirely by the Chungking branch of the Bank of China.

The left wing is arranged to be used by foreign firms for offices and is to be served by an electric elevator; the second, third and fourth floors are already occupied by the firms of MacKenzie and Co., Ltd., Asiatic Petroleum Co. (North China), Ltd., and Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd., respectively.

Ample godown accommodation is provided in the basement for storing all kinds of import goods. The right wing from floor to roof is occupied by Young Bros. Banking Corporation themselves; the building is electrically illuminated throughout, has a Synchronome system of electric clocks and arrangements are being made to install the electric elevator, central heating and water supply systems. The building has cost \$1,500,000 to erect and when completed, with the additions here mentioned, will be thoroughly modern in every respect.

For such an example of foreign architecture, Chungking is indebted to the enterprise of Mr. S. C. Yang, President of the Bank, who received his foreign training in the United

States and who has during the last few years not only established a sound banking business on foreign lines, but has created a foreign department of Young Brothers Trading Company, which is an affiliated concern, to handle business direct between Szechuen and foreign countries. This foreign department is accommodated in an annex of the main building and three foreigners are employed in the company's business.

The head office of Young Brothers Banking Corporation is in Chungking and they have branches at Chengtu, Tze Lu-ching and Mien Yang in Szechuen province and also at Hankow, Shanghai and Peking.

### MAUDE'S BOOTY

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 25.—An official despatch from Mesopotamia reports:—Besides the rolling-stock already captured, our captures at Istabulat include 20 officers, 667 men, one 5.9-inch gun, 14 Krupp guns, 1,240 rifles and a great quantity of ammunition.

After a night march, General Maude attacked a Turkish division on the west bank of the Shatt-el-Adhalm, compelling it to fall back ten miles northward. We took 181 prisoners.

### COSSACKS BEAT KURDS

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 25.—(By wireless).—A Russian official communique reports:—Our Cossacks repelled the Kurds on the night of the 21st, near Seiger, in the Caucasus.

One of our cruisers destroyed the harbor works at Kerasund, one of our torpedo-boats destroyed three Turkish schooners and one of our submarines sunk two schooners in the region of the Bosphorus.

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## Haig Captures 3,000 Prisoners

(Continued from Page 1)

along the whole length of our advance between Lens and St. Quentin. It is generally believed that the enemy have suffered more heavily in this battle, in proportion to the numbers employed, than in any on the western front.

For example, take the counter-attack made by the Germans upon Gavrelle. Four divisions were seen advancing, at a distance of 4,000 yards. Our field batteries were trained upon them and waited and then, at short range, shrapnel was poured into the advancing waves as fiercely as the guns could serve their weapons.

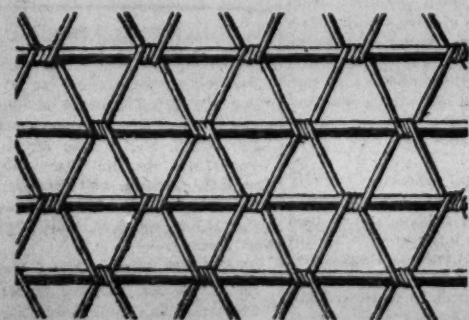
It was like mowing down wheat. The battalions seemed to melt into a bluish haze and when this cleared, on "cease fire," the ground was very thickly strewn with grey figures. Remember that this is only one of many examples of the recklessness



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## "BELIEVE ME



## Victory Impossible In Old Regime, Asserts Rodzianko

Duma President and Premier Lvov Tell Why Revolution Had to Come--The National Convention

A few days ago THE CHINA PRESS reproduced Mr. Fleuret's graphic account of the Revolution as he saw it in Petrograd. In the days following the establishing of the new regime, Mr. Fleuret interviewed the two foremost leaders of the new Russia, President Rodzianko of the Duma and the Premier, Prince Lvov. These interviews with a vivid picture of Petrograd in the Revolution are given below.

By Arno Dosch Fleuret  
"The power of the Russian Government is now entirely in the hands of the Duma. The Duma has delegated its power to the Cabinet Ministers it chose, now in power. They are responsible to the Duma."

This was President Rodzianko's response on March 24 to my question as to the exact status of the Government. He continued:

"The Duma is not in session, but the members are here and can be called when necessary. This will soon be necessary to make new laws and provide a basic background for calling the Constitutional Assembly which will decide the future Government of the country."

"However, there is no hurry, as the new Cabinet is rapidly taking hold of the Government, and its members were so well chosen they have already been able to give Russia mighty impetus forward."

"In response to your question as to what final form the Government may take I can only say that no one in Russia has yet had time to give proper thought to that serious question. Revolt Necessary to Victory

"You must understand that this revolution became necessary and was carried out because it became evident that Russia would never be able to finish the war successfully under the old Government. In taking advantage of events to overthrow the old dynasty our thought was primarily to get an effective Government to bring the war to a victorious finish."

"Our energies being bent in that direction now, in the first days following the revolution, we are still turning every thought to reorganising and renewing our efforts to repel the enemy from our soil. On that Russia is of one mind. The final disposition of the Government is not known yet, but is not a pressing problem."

"It is obvious that there must be a National Convention, the holding of which must come after the Duma passes laws governing the election of delegates and making possible the most complete representation of all Russia. That will take time and thought now engaged in actively prosecuting the war. At this moment we have a heavy responsibility, requiring our utmost capacity."

People's Will to Be Learned

"Russia is an enormous country, the sentiment of which cannot be known in a few days. The whole country was prepared for and enthusiastically accepted the ending of the old mismanagement and the placing of the control of the country in the hands of the people's organization. Their confidence in us is complete, but we must get before the country as a whole the question of the future. The sooner the better, but we are as yet undecided how a national assembly held during the war could be made properly representative of the sentiment at the front."

"When did you realize that a revolution was inevitable?" I asked.

"Last December, when the Emperor dissolved the Duma and permitted its reconvening to be delayed until the middle of February," Mr. Rodzianko answered.

"What was the last possible date on which the revolution could have been prevented?" I asked expecting the response to be perhaps Sunday or Monday of the week on which it began, but he replied:

Tear Might Have Saved Throne

"New Year's. If the Emperor had granted a responsible Government with the New Year he could have saved his throne. Since then feeling has been steadily growing, as the inefficient Government retained power at the most critical moment in history. Once the revolt began, no power could have stopped it."

I started to ask for these important words in the form of a signed statement, but Mr. Rodzianko said:

"Let it stand as an interview. Don't ask me any more today," waving a handful of unread cable despatches toward his full ante-room.

"What are you going to do with the former Emperor and his family?"

"The Emperor is going tonight to Tsarskoe-Selo, quietly, like a simple citizen, but carefully protected by the Duma, to join his sick family. We shall certainly try to make them comfortable."

The New Russia

"This is the new Russia," said Prince Lvov, Premier and actual head of the Russian Government in an interview granted me. "The old Russia of tradition has passed like a bad dream," he continued. The democratic genius of the Russian people has proved itself by upsetting the greatest autocracy in the world and accepting and getting in running order in five days a democratic form of government."

"It is so wonderful I can hardly believe myself it is all true—but happily it is. We knew what we could do. We have gone ahead and done it, and now, a week after the revolution began, the whole country is in smooth

running order; the bureaucratic obstacle is gone; the new Russia is before us. The future is brilliant I hardly dare to look into it."

Glad to See American Writer

I had the extraordinary experience in Russia of calling at the Ministry of the Interior, sending in my personal card, asking to see his private secretary, and being received within ten minutes by the Premier, without ceremony.

"I am glad to see an American newspaper man," said the affable Prince. "It gives me an opportunity to tell the American people directly that the Russian people took hold themselves the moment the old, incompetent, imperial Government failed, and, with remarkably little disturbance, entirely reformed their Government. They proved they were ready for it."

"Though I, a Russian, say so, no compliment too great can be paid the Russian people by their fellow-democrats in America. Their restraint, their quick understanding and the readiness of all classes to turn immediately to the work of prosecuting the war to a successful conclusion, I believe to be unprecedented in history."

"The only disorders were in Petrograd, and those, under the circumstances, were small. Even Moscow accepted the situation quickly, and the rest of the country turned from the empire to republican institution as if thoroughly mentally prepared for the change."

"This is my third day in this office in the active duties of Ministry of the Interior, involving the whole interior administration of this vast country, but I was able to change all into a better and smoother government in one day by simply removing the imperial governors and substituting the heads of the local Zemstvos."

Success Due to Zemstvos

"To the Zemstvos we owe our success in instituting a complete, better informed and equipped local Government than that of the imperial appointees. The Emperor, by insisting under the bureaucratic regime on sending Governors to the provinces under the inefficient supervision of Petrograd, unconsciously did Russia a great service."

"He made it necessary for the zemstvos to perfect their organizations and choose capable local men for their heads, thereby providing throughout Russia complete organizations, loyal to the Government, needing only the removal of the old governors to permit of their doing the work they were eminently fitted for, but impeded in by the old regime."

As head of the National Zemstvos, Prince Lvov was in personal touch with these local Presidents, now natural heads of the Government, and on that account was chosen Premier."

"In Moscow," he continued, "the central Zemstvo office, working to provide for the needs of the army, has had a saying during the war that Russia was fighting on five fronts, four against the enemy, one against Petrograd. The Petrograd bureaucratic brake has now gone."

"I cannot explain in how many ways the bureaucracy hampered the work of the zemstvos. I can only appreciate it myself now that I am in a position to send the bureaucrats away."

"At the same time we are not unnecessarily upsetting our institutions. Those able to fit into the new regime are remaining, but we have no patience left for the others. They impeded us too long."

"Our success was so quick, so complete and so stable, we look upon it ourselves with wonder. Of course there is an enormous amount of work ahead, but every one is seizing on it with a fresh, eager spirit, able to work unshackled by an incompetent autocracy. We ask our American friends to rejoice with us in a free and happy Russia."

Before the Kazan Cathedral

On March 18, Mr. Fleuret wrote the following vivid story of the end of the Revolution in Petrograd:

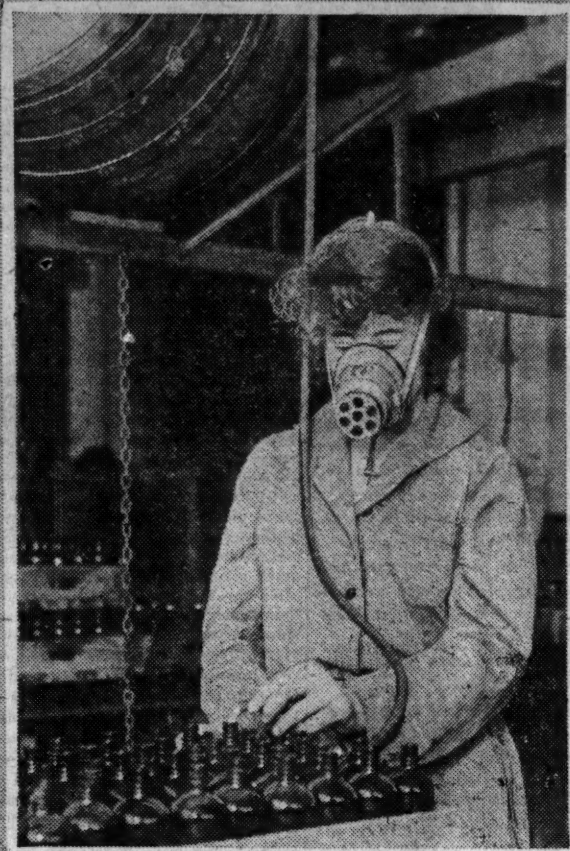
Before the Kazan Cathedral, where the revolution began and the first red flag fluttered, came the triumphant end yesterday evening when the greatest throng of people I ever saw came about from the furthest parts of the city to consecrate the Russian Republic.

Racing automobiles among the crowd scattered the news sheets telling the people that the empire was beginning a new regime. Without waiting to be called the people turned toward the historic spot where the Cathedral forms a great amphitheater with its stage.

The Nevsky Prospekt was packed with silent people, for the first time in their lives unpolluted, yet in perfect order, while the soldiers whose revolt upset the Government marched slowly through to the Cathedral.

Parting the crowd, the officers this time held on high the symbol of the fight for liberty, but brought vividly to mind that just a week since the bare sabres of the police drove a

## Where The Gas Mask Originated



CHEMICAL WORKER USING GAS MASK.  
© BY KADEL & HERBERT SUPPLIED BY INTL.

Many believe that the gas mask was an invention of the present war, but they are wrong. When the Germans introduced the use of poisonous gases in attack, the Allies at first were unable to cope with their deadliness. After a few such attacks, however, war turned to industry and there found the means of nullifying the use of poisonous gas by the use of the gas mask.

Gas masks have been used in many industries for many years. The picture shows how young women employed in handling dangerous chemicals at the Bush Terminal, New York, wear masks which protect them from deadly fumes and sparks.

peaceful bread demonstration to revolution. The army, coming from exciting exhortations before the Duma, was singing the Marseillaise and bearing a transparency of red cloth and gold letters proclaiming the Russian Republic.

The song had been turned into a Russian hymn. The wonderful marching song's caressing words, in the rich Russian language, passed over soldiers and citizens of all classes: "Friend soldier, friend workman," the meaning pointed by the lack in the language of the word "citizen," the word "friend" replacing it.

Far across the impenetrable throng formal words were spoken, and just at dark the crowd began facing toward the cross, uttering a prayer in the impressive silence.

Still fearing that a coup d'etat might spoil this most nearly bloodless revolution, I turned for a three mile walk back to the palace of the Duma, the source of reliable news. Down the Nevsky Prospekt I could see in every street the burning insignia of empire, the royal arms taken from stores and palaces.

I followed the Catherine Canal through the silent square where the police were first attacked by the soldiers Sunday night for their cruelty; passed gutted police stations and prisons whose spoils were still burning in the streets, and further on passed the headquarters of the hated secret police, whose charred records were being scattered by the sharp wind through the snow.

I found the palace of the Duma the only active spot in the city, as numerous committees were working joyously. There were no disquieting rumors, everything indicating that similar demonstrations were taking place throughout every city in Russia. The new formed factions were setting their differences, content with the Provisional Government until a National Assembly became possible.

At midnight I returned through the now almost empty streets, past the barricade on the Lening Prospekt, past the bullet scarred buildings. The patrolling armed autos were gone and the only movement was that of autos dropping the latest leaflets containing the text of the abdication of the Emperor. There were few wayfarers to seize them. The great restless city, unpolluted, was sleeping safely and tranquilly at last in the arms of democracy.

## HOW FRENCH TRAPPED 2 GERMAN SUBMARINES

Newport, R. I., March 26.—The trapping of two German submarines was reported tonight by Captain E. L. Smith of the American steamer Alaskan, which arrived today from La Pallice, France, for New York, according to the pilot who brought the ship into the harbor. The U-boats, Captain Smith said, were detected lurking beneath the surface of the sea by observers of the aircraft patrol. The airplane signalled for trawlers and circled about directing the placing nets. In a little while the nets were drawn completely round the unsuspecting submarines, which were hopelessly entangled and brought to the surface. They were lying side by side in the harbor of La Pallice when the Alaskan sailed.

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## Notable Contributions To American Literature

They of the High Trails. By Hamlin Garland. New Edition, enlarged. Illustrated. New York: Harper and Brothers. \$1.35. (gold)

In a Little Town. By Rupert Hughes. Frontispiece by James Montgomery Flagg. New York: Harper and Brothers. \$1.35. (gold)

These two books are significant of the cult of the short story among American writers and readers. More than that, the tales included in each of them are of the very essence of the spirit of American life. The scenes with which they deal, the characters they portray, the spirit with which they are informed, even the mental attitude of their authors are all richly and truthfully expressive of the basic things in national character. As such expression the two admirably supplement each other. For Mr. Hughes's book with its stories dealing with life in the lowlands of the Mississippi Valley and Mr. Garland's with its tales of the mountain regions picture forth two opposite but characteristic and significant phases of that life and character. The one tells of the humble, simple life and the plodding but dignified plenty and content, the freedom and the democratic equality of the small towns of the country that home so many of our millions of people, and the other reminds us of the daring, the vigor, the adventuring which pushed our frontier ever westward and won mountains and deserts for human use.

Mr. Hughes's collection of fourteen short stories, he explains in the preface, all have their scenes laid in imaginary small towns in the region round about the city of Keokuk, Iowa, a region familiar to his youth. They are written with a tenderly sympathetic understanding of the souls of the people who live there and he shows how rich in beauty and in happiness the humblest of them may be. Sometimes he emphasizes the lines of his picture in a way that suggests the effect of a kindly caricature, but when he does so it is for the purpose of making a shy and reticent and seemingly colorless soul give up its secrets. He finds vices as well as virtues among the people of these village streets, and the stories of their lives show pathos and comedy

and tragedy, meanness and nobility, gentleness and aggressiveness. But Mr. Hughes writes about them all with that tenderness of touch that comes of full comprehension.

Mr. Garland's book which was first published last Fall, reappears now in a new edition with a preface by William Dean Howells and the addition of another tale called "The Tourists," which had magazine publication under the title "Emily's Horse Wrangler." Mr. Howells's introduction apparently is a reprinting of an appreciation in Harper's Magazine of the first edition of the book. He thinks that Mr. Garland "has measurably succeeded to the place in the sunset held by Bret Harte and Mark Twain," but adds that his succession is not in the direct line since humor does not primarily seek expression in his work. And Mr. Howells is true to his own literary first and only love when he goes on to say that in Mr. Garland's latest book "it will console the lover of his earlier work to find him mainly true to the realistic 'tradition.'" "But," says Mr. Howells, "it is not merely the artistic conscience which prevails with him, and no study of his fiction, however slight and passing, can fail of the sense of right-mindedness and high-mindedness which ennobles his romances."

### FLYING FOR FRANCE

Flying for France: With the American "Escadrille" at Verdun. By James R. McConnell. Sergeant Pilot in the French Flying Corps. Illustrated from photographs. New York: Doubleday. Page & Co. \$1 (gold).

Like many another young American, James McConnell went to France early in the war to drive an ambulance. And after some months of "mere" ambulance driving the young North Carolinian, who had gone to France because he felt that he would be "missing the opportunity of a lifetime" if he stayed at home, who was mentioned more than once in the orders of the day for conspicuous bravery in saving wounded under fire and was one of the American recipients of the Croix de Guerre, began to feel like a shirker. Driving an ambulance, he felt, was not enough. So he enlisted in the French Army as an aviation pilot, and was a member of the air service when the American escadrille was formed.

"Flying for France" tells the story of the gradual growth of the "all-American flying unit" or escadrille,

and of the work which its members have done in France. It is a short book, of little more than 150 pages—and with large print and wide margins at that—but it has a deal of interesting matter in it. It is both exciting and informative. And its record is something of which, as Americans, we can all be proud. Of the general place of the American unit, Mr. McConnell writes:

"Within a twenty-five mile radius of the Verdun front aviation camps abound. Our escadrille was listed on the schedule with the other flying units, each of which has its specified flying hours, rotating so there is always an 'escadrille de chasse' over the lines. A field wireless to enable us to keep track of the movement of enemy planes became part of our equipment. Fifteen Americans are or have been members of the American escadrille, but there have never been as many as that on duty at any one time."

The author tells of the flights, the adventures, the exploits of various individual members of the corps, and outlines the "day's work" of an army aviator, and it is an absorbing business to follow it all. An interesting chapter is appended on how France trains her aviators—there are thousands of men in the flying schools now. The book is written very simply, very clearly—rather as if the writer were talking to us all. And it is a very fine and thrilling little book.

### THOSE FITZENBERGERS

Those Fitztenbergers. By Helen R. Martin. Illustrated by Robert A. Graef. New York: Doubleday, Page & Co. \$1.35 (gold).

Notwithstanding a certain similarity in line and color in all her novels of that Pennsylvania Dutch region she has made peculiarly her own. Mrs. Martin always contrives to put into each new one an air of difference from all its predecessors. Her heroines have usually, it is true, a strong family resemblance, and the "Lyddy" of this new book is again the Cinderella, unappreciated by her family or any one else, who hides underneath the ashes of her daily life wonderful capacities and rare character. But each new novel by Mrs. Martin shows distinct progress in fictional art, and this one excels most of her other books in the vitality of its plot, the variety of its characterization, and the briskness and humor with which its action moves. Mrs. Martin is developing especially in her handling of conversation, by means of which she manages in this story to carry on much of the action, and upon which she depends mainly for the development of character. She writes interesting talk too, that easily carries along and increases the reader's interest, because of the vitality of the people, the quaintness of the dialect of most of them, and the reality of the dialogue, the way in which it seems to voice the thoughts and feelings of real human beings.

"Those Fitztenbergers" are a family in a Pennsylvania Dutch village, consisting of Lyddy, her father, and her stepmother. Ever since Lyddy can remember they have been shut off from the rest of the village, made such pariahs by every man, woman, and child in the neighborhood that no one ever crosses their threshold or willingly speaks to one of them. The reader of course quickly senses some tragedy behind all this, but just what it was is not fully revealed until almost the end of the story. Lyddy, who has reached young womanhood when the story opens, has grown up in this isolation and atmosphere of disfavor and contempt, but she has found comfort and some compensation in reading, and her keen and vigorous mind has fed itself well and developed into strength and beauty in her loneliness.

An element of gayety and humor is contributed by a young minister and his wife who attempt to introduce a few modern ideas and methods into the village, and whose clashes with their parishioners in consequence are amusingly related. But they prove to be friends in need to Lyddy, and through them she attains success and happiness. Perhaps the best portrayed and most keenly studied character in the book is that of Elmer Wagenhorst, the son of a prosperous farmer, who persuades his "Pop" to allow him to go to college. Early in the tale he forms a secret friendship with Lyddy, which proves to be stimulating to both. The author has portrayed convincingly the mingling in his character, otherwise promising, of a yellow streak which, combined with his domination of his father, works out disastrously for him.

### THE HIDING PLACES

The Hiding Places. By Allen French. New York: Charles Scribner's sons. \$1.35 (gold).

Dear to the heart of ever credulous humanity is the idea of hidden treasure, of a store of gold and jewels concealed with cunning for some lucky mortal to find—almost as dear as the tale of ghosts that walk at night in old houses. Romance loves them both, although even romance is growing so sophisticated that it is almost ashamed to make use of ghosts in this scientific age. But many thought the boxes of treasure are that romance has unearthed in unlikely places for the pleasure of armies of readers, there is many a good tale in them yet, for the delight of still more armies of readers, and armies more as yet unborn. Mr. French has written one of them. If it has its deserts it will provide entertainment for a huge circle of lovers of good tales before the Summer is over.

It must be counted one of the specially commendable qualities of Mr. French's story that he makes his hidden treasure seem quite plausible, the sort of thing that really might happen on some stony New England farm. For that rocky soil has always had an astonishing fertility in the production of all manner of things, except those that soil is expected to produce. In this case the fertility was of small lead boxes filled with jewels, diamonds, rubies, and emeralds, each one snugly sewed up in a chamois coat. An old buccaneer, settled down and become a respectable farmer, had planted them on his farm, six of them, in all manner of unlikely places, and had divided his land between two sons, his will decreeing that it should remain in the two families. The document told about the six hidden boxes and decreed that among his descendants findings should be havings.

The story opens with one of the descendants, a lad of twenty, finding one of these lead boxes in the stone wall on the farm of the other line of descent. There are Summer residents near by, two of them being a stock broker from Boston and his brilliant daughter. The story that evolves out of the initial situation—Binney Hartwell finding the box with the Boston girl and his cousin's daughter witnessing his find, his cousin following him with a demand for the box—is a complicated one with much incident that touches comedy now and then and falls upon tragedy more than once. Moreover, the greater part of it is a story of the real world, and the people who enact it have more of the quality of human beings than sometimes happens in romances of hidden treasure. The Boston stock broker is particularly well done and Binney Hartwell's account—the story is all told in the first person—of how he was used, quite without suspicion of what he was doing, to gather in and fleece the unsuspecting lambs in New England villages is a graphic tale.

The personality and methods of William W. Worthen bear a close resemblance to those of an operator in high and low finance whose name is well-known throughout the United States. One gets also a strong flavor of personality in several of the characters of whom there is given hardly more than a glimpse. Binney Hartwell perhaps shows rather more poise and mental equipment than seems credible in a farmer's lad of his age. But he has enough of the faults of youth of lessens somewhat the offense of a head sometimes too old for his shoulders. Altogether, it is a good story.

### PIP

Pip. By Ian Hay. Boston: Houghton Mifflin Company. \$1.50 (gold).

Captain Deith might have called his new story, more informatively and with equal appositeness, "The Making of an Englishman." For it deals with the young years of a more or less typical Englishman and with the varied surroundings and influences that contributed to making of him a very thoroughgoing young Briton. Consequently, there is a great deal about cricket in it, together with a good many pages about other outdoor sports. But cricket is the leading pleasure, occupation, interest, inspiration, and achievement in the life of young Willmot, otherwise Pip, through all the years of his boyhood and young manhood. And Captain Deith takes the reader, with detail and circumstantial description, through all his training, development, and success as a cricketer with the utmost zest.

Pip and his sister Pipette are the motherless children of a famous London physician who is too busy to take much care or thought of them. So, after the first chapter, in which are humorously recounted some of the results of their forlorn state, the two infants are sent to school. Pip is hurried through the experiences of this kindergarten stage, which read as if the school might have been modeled after the methods of fifty years ago, and then promoted to a preparatory establishment, where a good deal of the narrative takes place. Less space is devoted to his experiences at Cambridge, where he wins fame as a cricketer but is barely able to scrape together enough knowledge to secure a degree. He is a bit stupid about books, but he has certain capacities of his own aside from his skill at cricket. So when his father suddenly dies and leaves next to nothing for his sister and himself he enters a big motor factory as a workman and, having a knack for machinery and willingness to work, he gets on very well indeed, and finally wins out with flying colors. Several women are more or less interested in him from time to time, but there is only one who interests him, and his courtship of her is a pretty, breezy, out-door affair, very much tangled up with cricket and golf and conducted by Pip with characteristic bluntness and inability to see things from any point of view but his own.

Captain Deith writes with genial humor, and his account of the making of Pip into a man, and a man who is a thorough Englishman, is likely to bring many a smile to the face of his reader. Having been in the days before the war, a schoolmaster himself he knows much about the life of British schools and the character of the men who conduct them. His descriptions of the men who have charge of Pip's mental and cricket-training give some attractive characterizations which are touched with the same tolerant, sympathetic, engaging humor that makes attractive other portions of the book. He seems to know the British workingman pretty well also, and the brief and somewhat vague account of Pip's life in the factory inspires the conviction that if he wished he might write a worth-while story about that side of British life.

### U.S. SHIPPING ORDERS

San Francisco, April 15.—Steamers entering any American port must sail at a speed of not more than five miles an hour, hoisting the flag of its nationality, says an order just issued by the Secretary of the Navy. Vessels must obey any signals from the American authorities and are not allowed to enter port at night.

### READY FOR CHINESE ROADS

American Engineers Expect to Begin Construction Soon

Barring delays which may be occasioned in financial arrangements due to United States entry into the war, work will be started in the next few months on two railroads in China which will be built by American

engineers with American capital, says a recent issue of the New York Times. The projected roads are 300 miles and 400 miles in length, and will be constructed at an estimated cost of \$50,000 gold per mile, or for an aggregate of approximately \$35,000,000.

W. F. Carey, President of the Sien-Carey Railway and Canal Company, which is undertaking the construction work of the roads and the improvement of the Grand Canal, has just returned to New York from Peking. He brought with him amended contracts and preliminary surveys. He said that work is making satisfactory progress. The contract covering the railway construction was concluded May 17, 1916, and the remaining details worked out last September. Three surveying parties are now at work on the line from Chinchou, a point on the Canton-Hankow Railroad, to Yamchou, on the Gulf of Hainan. Three other parties are working on the line from Chouchikou, crossing the Peking Hankow line. George A. Kyle is chief engineer in charge of construction. These will be the first

Chinese railroads to be built by contract. Nearly everything in the way of materials and rolling stock will be purchased in the United States.

With the entrance of China into the war, it has been proposed to postpone further payments of the Boxer indemnity, which would leave \$15,000,000 a year for domestic uses. It is also likely that China will be permitted to increase its customs duties, now fixed at 5 per cent ad valorem, to 12½ per cent, which would mean an increase in revenues from the present total of \$30,000,000 to 75,000,000. With these reforms in effect, the foreign credit of China would be greatly strengthened.

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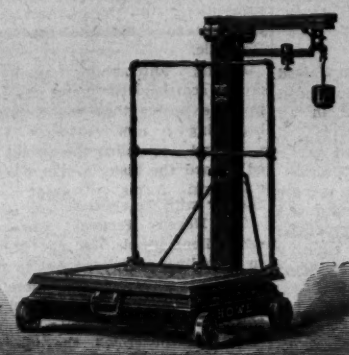
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## WRESTLING TITLE IS LOST BY JOE STECHER

Earl Caddock Wins Decision—  
Claimant to World Cham-  
pionship Quits

Omaha, Nebraska, April 10.—Earl Caddock won the world's wrestling championship from Joe Stecher here last night by a referee's decision when Stecher, quit after each man had secured a fall.

Using his great scissors hold, Stecher took the first fall. Caddock touched the champ's shoulders to the mat for the second fall with a head scissors and wrist lock. Then Stecher quit.

Since the retirement of Frank Gotch, Joe Stecher has been regarded as being the real world's champion. Earl Caddock, the new champion, has been in the wrestling game for some time, but heretofore was not classed among the top notchers. He had some great holds and knew how to use them to the best advantage. His last match was with Paul Martinsen at Sioux City, Iowa, on February 24, when he bested his man in straight falls using the same head scissors and wrist lock that won him his fall in Omaha Monday night.

## Recreation Club Has Its Annual Meeting

Mr. Frank Jones, at the conclusion of the annual meeting of the Recreation Club, last night, suggested that the different sporting sections of the Club should come to the yearly meeting with their committees practically settled and thus save much time which might be more profitably employed.

Mr. W. S. Featherstonhaugh presided and was supported by Messrs. H. Veitch (Vice-President), S. W. Wallace, T. Wallace, T. Main, J. E. Lucas (hon. treasurer) and Guy Manwaring (hon. secretary).

In addressing the members, the Chairman said:—"In common with all other Clubs, our ranks have been largely depleted during the last three years owing to the number of members who have gone home to offer their services in the great war. I am glad to say that, during the year just closed, no member of this Club has been killed in action, though many have been wounded and we have to record the sad death of Mr. O. W. Reid, who was drowned while proceeding home on short leave from the front.

"We parted a short time since with Mr. T. W. R. Wilson, who left to volunteer and I am sure you will join with me in wishing this popular member a speedy and safe return to Shanghai, where he will be much missed in the world of sport."

He continued that the full playing members show an increase of eight over the previous year, this being largely caused by the fact that a number of non-playing members came over to the playing list to assist the Club to carry on financially during the war, an action which was greatly appreciated. The problem of keeping up the membership at this time was a very anxious one.

The heavy cost of thoroughly overhauling the pavilion was largely borne by the members themselves. Debentures to the value of \$725 have been redeemed during the year. The Club contributed \$50 towards the purchase of a Lawn Tennis Challenge Cup for Shanghai.

The cricketers, chiefly owing to the fact that they were content with one team—and that their best—had a better reason than they have experienced for a long time. Only one match was lost against nine won and one drawn—a very satisfactory record.

In football, the good old standbys, assisted by some promising new blood, retained possession of the Skottowe Cup and the Charity Cup. In the league they were not so successful, but they put up some very good games and on several occasions had hard lines in having to admit defeat.

Interest in lawn bowls was as keen as ever when it came to playing matches, but very little practice was indulged in by the majority of the players.

The report and accounts were unanimously adopted. The following office-bearers were elected:—Mr. W. S. Featherstonhaugh (President); Mr. Frank Jones (Vice-President); Messrs. T. Wallace, S. M. Wallace, J. E. Lucas (Hon. treasurer), Guy Manwaring (Hon. Secretary), H. Veitch, C. Komaroff, R. Phillips, S. Green and W. J. Haynes, committee.

Sub-committees for cricket and lawn tennis were elected and it was agreed that a junior playing section be opened for youths up to the age of 19.

### REVOLVER CLUB

April revolver competition and the Ladies annual revolver championship competition will close on April 30. Members are reminded that the club's annual competition (for members only) will be held during May. Conditions: 10 shots at 10 yards, 10 shots at 15 yards, 10 shots at 20 yards and 10 shots at 25 yards; H. P. S. 400; Time limit 1 hour; club's standard targets with 4 inch outer and 2 inch inner bull's-eye will be used.

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By Tad

## CHINESE ATHLETES, 56 STRONG, OFF TO TOKIO

Headed by two brass bands the 56 Chinese athletes who are to compete at the Third Far Eastern Olympic Games in Tokio, May 8-12, marched from the Y.M.C.A. Buildings at noon yesterday and headed towards Wayside Wharf. The ninth troop of the Boy Scouts accompanied them as a guard of honor. The procession went to the Nippon Yusen Kaisha Wayside Wharf at 1 o'clock where the athletes boarded the Kasuga Maru for the trip across. The steamer left at 1.30. Heartly cheers and good wishes, in which there was plenty of spirit, made the send-off a good one.

### PUBLIC SCHOOL OLD BOYS

At the cricket and tennis meeting of the Public School old boys held at the school Wednesday evening, the following were elected on the sub-committee for the ensuing season:—

Tennis—H. Stellingwerff, Hon. Sec. and Captain, and Messrs. B. H. Smith and J. P. Hawes, Committee. Cricket—A. P. Goldman, Hon. Sec.; E. J. Cooke, Captain; B. H. Smith, Vice-Captain; Committee, Messrs. A. Johansson and T. Pearson.

The question of subscription was gone into and the following was decided upon: for those members who wish to play tennis and cricket \$10 per season, and \$6 for football and hockey members.

The General Committee, comprised of the following, remains unchanged:—Messrs. W. C. G. Clifford, D. Drake, F. Madar, G. Madar, B. H. Smith, D. Abraham (Hon. Treasurer) and A. V. White (Hon. Secretary.)

### News Brevities

Mr. W. W. Lockwood, who has for many years been General Secretary of the Chinese Young Men's Christian Association here, is to leave for a year's furlough in America, on May 12. In order that his Association friends may have an opportunity for showing their appreciation of his long and faithful service, the Board of Directors is giving a subscription dinner, at the Siau Yeu Tien Restaurant, Hankow Road, on Thursday, May 3, at 6.30 p.m.

Mr. E. V. Jensen, of the Great Northern Telegraph Company, has left Nagasaki for Shanghai, having been transferred to the company's office here. For the last two years he has served as honorary secretary of the Nagasaki Club.

A large fire on the night of 26th inst. damaged considerable property owned by foreigners in Kobe and before it was extinguished four hours later, the three storey brick godown of J. Witkowski and Company in Ito-machi was almost entirely destroyed. The loss is estimated at 150,000 yen, covered partly by insurance with the Sun Company. The fire is the largest in the old Settlement for several years.—Japan Advertiser.

The May meeting of the Shanghai Missionary Association will be held at St. John's University, next Tuesday. At 5.30 p.m. there will be a social function, with refreshments provided by the ladies of the American Church Mission. At 6.30 p.m. the business meeting, at which a paper will be presented on "Concentration in Evangelistic Work," by Rev. W. W. Lockwood, President of the association. A cordial invitation is extended to visitors to Shanghai interested in Missionary work.

Mr. F. R. Sites of the U. S. Steel Products Co. is in Peking on a short business trip.

Mrs. Downey, wife of Dean Emeritus Downey of the University of Minnesota, who with Dr. Downey has been in Nanking this winter, is spending a few days in Shanghai as the guest of Mrs. Sallor of St. John's University.

## SHIPPING COMPANIES GIVE LITERACY TEST

Japanese Firms, Discussing New  
U. S. Law, Decide To Ex-  
amine Emigrants

Tokio, April 19.—As a result of a joint conference held by the representatives of the Toyo Kisen Kaisha, the Nippon Yusen Kaisha and the Osaka Shosen Kaisha in Yokohama Monday, regarding the new United States Immigration Law which become effective May 1, it was decided to subject all Japanese emigrants to a literacy examination before they leave this country.

No passage will be sold to any person who fails to pass this examination, which will include the reading of certain chapters in the national reader used in the fourth grade of the primary school here. The first test was given to sixty Japanese emigrants who left Yokohama by the Sado Maru of Nippon Yusen Kaisha liner for Seattle yesterday. No one was rejected.

While the shipping companies do not expect that anyone from this island, Kyushu or Shikoku will fail to pass the examination, it is believed that there may be persons among the natives of the Loochoo Islands who would fail the test.

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### Weddings

Lanning-Pooritz  
Mr. G. F. Lanning and Miss Pooritz, of Hankow, were united in marriage there on April 21. The civil marriage contract took place at the British Consulate, followed by the religious service at the Greek Church.

### THAYER FINED YEN 20

Tokio, April 21.—A fine of 20 yen was imposed on Mr. Ralph Hoyt Thayer by the Yokohama District Court on the 20th, Judge Niho, who has been in charge of the hearings of the case, assessing a fine against Mr. Thayer, who was found guilty of trespass on the fortified zone at the naval station at Yokosuka. The fine was promptly paid. The offence was committed in January, this year. Mr. Thayer, an American teacher, without knowing he was on forbidden ground, walked into the enclosure of the wireless station at the naval base one evening at dusk and was taken into custody by the authorities. After spending more than a month in jail he was released on bail.

## JAPANESE RED CROSS PLANS IN MANCHURIA

Tokio, April 25.—At a meeting of the chief of branches of the Japan Red Cross Society it was decided to establish medical depots at nine places in Manchuria, including Lungkiang, Tsitsihar, Chingchow, etc., and this decision was reported to the Department of Home Affairs. There will be one physician and one assistant at each.

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### WEATHER

Rain may start again tonight. S. E.  
breezes to the north of the Saddle.  
N. E. winds in the South.

### IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, APRIL 27, 1917

### The Third Step

THE 25 Tutchins, military gov-  
ernors, and representatives  
delegated by Tutchins who were  
unable to be present in person,  
summoned to Peking by the  
Government in order that they  
might have explained to them and  
thus might fully understand the  
Government policy vis-a-vis Ger-  
many have now voted unanimously  
in favor of a declaration of war  
against that offending Power.

Some of these military leaders  
were in doubt when they went to  
Peking: others were strongly  
against war with Germany. But a  
majority of them were in favor of  
the war. One by one those who  
were on the fence and those who  
were on the other side of it were  
won over by Premier Tuan and the  
rest of the Government. So that  
when the vote came it was unan-  
imous.

This is a good augury. It makes  
for domestic peace and unity while  
the war against Germany is pro-  
secuted. The military leaders of  
the Republic will now return to  
their respective bailiwicks fully  
aware of the motives actuating the  
Government; there will be no awk-  
ward or inconvenient misunder-  
standings; they will explain to their  
people in all the provinces just  
what the Government is doing, why  
its present course is the best pos-  
sible one from every standpoint, and  
the people, understanding, will  
accord full support to their Presi-  
dent, Parliament and Cabinet—their  
Government.

This gathering of the military  
leaders of the nation in solemn con-  
clave to consider and advise with  
regard to the national policy is a  
notable event in China. It reveals  
the President and the Premier at  
their best. They quarrelled recent-  
ly, it will be remembered. They  
were both travelling the same road  
but one was moving too swiftly to  
suit the other. That was at the  
bottom of the incident.

But they were brought together  
and it was agreed that this military  
conference should be called. While  
in some ways, as we have hereto-  
fore pointed out, this delay con-  
tained the germs of danger, no-  
body was to be blamed for it. It  
was due to circumstances and con-  
ditions. The temporary indecision  
has not been an unmitigated evil. The  
conference of the military men has  
had the effect of drawing the  
country into a more united front  
both of thought and of action.  
Another step towards national  
instead of provincial consciousness  
has been taken.

On the other side, the scandals  
in the Ministries of Finance and  
Communications have bobbed up  
while China has been marking time  
on the war issue, with the result  
that the Cabinet is reduced to a  
thing of shreds and tatters. Part  
of it is in jail and the rest threat-  
ening to resign or bolt. Premier  
Tuan is fortunate, we think, in  
having succeeded in retaining Dr.  
Wu Ting-fang. Dr. Wu's presence  
gives what is left of the Cabinet a  
certain dignity and substantiality.  
While he remains it is still a Cabinet.  
The distinguished old veteran  
after having straightened out most  
of the affairs in his department, and  
laid out several of Peking's most  
prominent diplomatists in the  
process, seeing no new worlds to  
conquer, recently began resigning  
regularly at the rate of three times  
a week, which he continued to do up  
to a week or so ago, when, it is  
evident, he got mad about some-

thing and made up his mind to see  
the thing through. And we hope  
that he will allow nothing to sway  
him in this decision. Dr. Wu Ting-  
fang is a safe anchor for his country  
in its present great days. Come  
what may, we hope he will stick to  
his post.

Still another matter has inter-  
vened during the delay over The  
Third Step. Parliament, which was  
almost wholly united in voting to  
sever diplomatic relations with  
Germany—a step which indubita-  
bly contemplated the one that it is  
now to take—has been badly shaken  
by the collapse of the Cabinet.  
However, we think we may count  
on its good sense in this crisis to  
sink party differences and get to-  
gether for the good of the country.

The Republic of China now stands  
committed to a declaration of war on  
Germany. It has got to back down,  
to retrogress, to slump after going three  
quarters of the way, or it has got to  
get out in the open and place its  
standard in the ranks of the fighting  
democracies of the world, for Free-  
dom, for Justice and for Humanity.  
Every foundation stone upon which  
this Republic rests has been laid by  
these democracies. And notwith-  
standing the unexpected smash-up  
of the Cabinet, we have no doubt  
that the decision of Parliament will  
be the right one.

### Hardware for Germany

AS late as March 23, the United  
States Department of Commerce  
issued a bulletin setting forth what  
it considered favorable prospects for  
the sale of American hardware in  
Germany after the war. A Shanghai  
subscriber, having received one of  
these bulletins, writes in to suggest  
that the opportunity of introducing  
the latest models of Springfield-tubing  
in Germany now exists and expresses  
the hope that our hardware men will  
not overlook it. He adds: "And they  
may as well carry along a side-line of  
bayonets."

### Bouncing The Kaiser!

The Eastern Yacht Club of New  
York recently discovered that it  
numbered among its members Kaiser  
Wilhelm II. Under the rules of the  
club when a member is to be ex-  
pelled he must be given a chance  
to appear before the governing Com-  
mittee to answer the charge against  
him. This rather stumped the  
governors and there was so much  
talk that the matter got into the  
papers. Whereupon one intelligent  
observer wrote to The New York Sun  
the following solution:

I have not read the constitution  
and by-laws of the Eastern Yacht  
Club, but according to the custom  
of some social organizations there  
is a way to bounce the Kaiser by  
due process of law.

Charges can be preferred and  
notice given the offending member  
to appear before the governing com-  
mittee for a hearing on a certain  
date. If the Kaiser does not appear  
at the appointed time, the committee  
may dispose of the case as they see  
fit.

If the above mentioned member  
decides to appear and answer the  
charges, the flagship of the club  
might be sent to fetch him from  
Germany. Doubtless Great Britain  
would be glad to furnish a convoy  
of warships for the voyage to  
America!

### The Real Monroe Doctrine

It seems to be almost as difficult  
for European editors to give the  
true value to the Monroe Doctrine  
as for a rich man to get through  
the eye of a needle. When a news-  
paper like Le Temps of Paris, all in  
praise of President Wilson's attitude,  
remarks that "the Monroe Doctrine  
has become too narrow for a nation  
which feels itself in union with all  
humanity," it forgets that the  
Monroe Doctrine, now, as ever, is  
merely a declaration in favor of al-  
lowing national groups, that are  
homogeneous as to race, customs,  
and theories of government, to work  
out their destinies in their own way.  
The narrowness of the Monroe  
Doctrine has always been exactly  
commensurate with the willingness  
of Europe to allow a broad applica-  
tion of it.

### New York's Pledge of Loyalty

There is such a very large popu-  
lation in New York city of alien  
birth that Mayor Mitchell and his  
Committee of Defense originated  
the scheme of circulating a Pledge  
of Loyalty "for signatures." Hun-  
dreds of thousands are signing the  
pledge, which is addressed to the  
President and reads as follows:

"As an American, faithful to  
American ideas of justice, liberty  
and humanity, and confident that  
the government has exerted its  
most earnest efforts to keep us at  
peace with the world, I hereby  
declare my absolute and uncondi-  
tional loyalty to the government  
of the United States and pledge my  
support to you in protecting  
American rights against unlawful  
violence upon land and sea, in  
guarding the nation against hostile  
attacks and in upholding inter-  
national right."

## America And Japan

The following address was delivered  
by Mr. Lindsay Russell, President of  
the Japan Society of New York, on  
April 19, in Tokio. The occasion was  
a banquet given in his honor by Baron  
Shibusawa, prime mover in organizing  
the recently formed American-Japan  
Society in Tokio:

"I cannot allow myself to accept as  
personal all of your tributes and kindly  
expressions, but shall assume that they  
are intended for me in a sense as the  
humble medium through which you  
are conveying to my co-workers and  
colleagues in New York, your ap-  
preciation and approval of their  
earnest endeavors for a cordial, close  
and continuous relationship between  
Japan and the United States.

"I come again to Japan to learn from  
you, to increase my knowledge of  
Japan and to renew old friendships.  
If I could count as friends only the  
former ambassadors to Washington  
and the former consuls general to  
New York, it would be no small  
number. Your officials to New York  
come and go in too rapid succession.  
Over here I find many of them. I  
recall with a feeling of personal loss  
one whose untimely death deprived  
your diplomatic service of a valued  
member. I refer to the late Mr.  
Kokichi Midzuno.

"The high standard which your  
Foreign Office has maintained in its  
appointments to the United States  
is a source of congratulation. Vis-  
count Chinda was much esteemed and  
remained in Washington long enough  
to become thoroughly identified with  
the life there. We thought that he  
could not be replaced. In his brother-  
in-law Ambassador Satō, however, we  
find a worthy successor. I picture  
him at the historic conference table  
at Portsmouth, N. H., nearly twelve  
years ago. As secretary of the  
Japanese Delegation, his special duty  
was to make such communications to  
the American journalists as the  
Japanese delegates deemed advisable.  
There were many newspaper reporters  
at Portsmouth, but it is needless to  
say that they got but little informa-  
tion until everything was settled.  
Secretary Satō handled the situation  
with exceptional skill and the  
popularity he there gained has not  
been forgotten in Washington.

### Growth of Japan Society

"I presume I should say something  
this evening about the constructive  
work of the Japan Society. Its mem-  
bership, when I was here five years  
ago, was about five hundred. It is now  
more than 1,100. Of these over a  
thousand are Americans, scattered  
throughout the United States and in-  
cluding every profession and vocation.  
Its income last year was \$2,000 yen.  
We have a very influential Board of  
Directors representative of business  
and finance. There are three Japanese  
on the Board well known to you, Mr.  
Arai, Dr. Takamine and Mr.  
Tehnomiya.

"It has been the privilege of the  
Society to welcome and entertain many  
of the distinguished Japanese who  
have visited the United States during  
the past ten years. It has conducted  
a nation-wide educational campaign  
to make our countries better acquaint-  
ed and has published many books. It  
circulates a monthly news bulletin  
and also a trade bulletin. The Society  
encourages travel to Japan, and  
Americans who come here generally  
return as friends of Japan and help  
to create a better understanding. We  
have recently had the passenger agents  
of all the great trans-continental rail-  
ways and Pacific steamship companies  
in conference in New York, with the  
view of working out a plan of co-  
operation in encouraging travel to  
the Orient. One idea is to adopt a  
phrase or slogan such as "the Orient  
calls you. Visit Japan, China and  
Hawaii." All of the companies are to  
be asked to print this slogan in all  
their travel literature, so that millions  
of persons will read it over and over  
again. The idea will thus become  
nationalized and popularized. Mr.  
Herbert S. Houston, one of the pro-  
prietors of the World's Work, and  
president of the Advertising Club of  
America, is a director of the Japan  
Society and chairman of this com-  
mittee.

"We welcome the organization in  
Tokio of the America-Japan Society,  
which you have formed recently under  
the presidency of Viscount Kaneko.  
If this organization and the Japan  
Society of New York are kept  
in energetic co-operation through  
frequent exchange visits of officers and  
ideas, efficient and important work  
can be accomplished. We will at once  
form in New York a committee of  
three on co-operation composed of  
forward thinking men, of constructive  
minds and I hope that a similar com-  
mittee will be formed here. Such a  
committee in time will become very  
efficient and may influence the policy  
of financiers, business men and even

our respective governments, thus  
public opinion would be shaped by  
practical men rather than by inter-  
national theorists or muckrakers, the  
sale of whose articles and whose  
living depends upon the number of  
startling and sensational conjectures  
which they can devise. We can no  
longer depend entirely on conventional  
methods in strengthening inter-  
nationalities. We should have master  
minds in both Societies. The problem  
is how to get them to give the time  
and attention to organizing methods of  
international co-operation.

"A vital problem to which the com-  
mittees might immediately address  
themselves is that of cleaner publicity,  
more accurate information, better  
communication, with reasonable cable  
tolls, all of which is the key to a better  
understanding, as well as commercial  
progress. The wireless telegraph is  
destined to shortly energize the Far  
East and awaken China. Soon there  
will be no East or no West. The  
magic wand of Marconi is making the  
world one vast whispering gallery.

"During the past three years we  
have had in view the development of a  
Japan-America Chamber of Commerce  
with the object of encouraging trade,  
travel and the investment of America's  
capital in the Orient. Let me urge  
upon my friends here the importance  
of their co-operation. In this con-  
nection allow me to express the hope  
that China will see the importance of  
improving her status in the United  
States and I see no more effective  
way it can be done than in co-opera-  
tion with Japan. This is the age of  
co-operation and conciliation. China  
would do well to follow the advice of  
that master in the American business  
world, Judge Gary. To quote his  
words he said: 'I believe in and have  
advocated co-operation, between in-  
dividuals, co-operations and nations as  
distinguished from hostility an  
bitterness; an earnest effort to live  
and let live; to act as business friends  
rather than as business enemies; to  
compete but openly, fairly, considerate-  
ly. China would do well to cultivate  
the friendship of Japan. It would  
serve to encourage a freer flow of  
American capital into her territory.'

### The Keynote Is Co-operation

"Every traveller to Japan usually  
visits China, every merchant doing  
business with Japan is likely also to  
deal with China, the very ships that  
carry merchandise between the  
United States and Japan also serve  
China. Japanese activities and enter-  
prise are taking millions of yen to  
China. In fact, from no matter what  
angle the situation be viewed, the  
keynote is co-operation. But instead  
of this, would-be friends of China are  
endeavoring to disturb the good  
relations between the United States  
and Japan in the supposed interest of  
China and by an ill-advised propa-  
ganda are weakening China's credit  
in our financial world.

"Broadly speaking, Americans who  
have any interest in the Far East at  
all are equally interested in China and  
Japan. It would be to the interest of  
Japan and China, as well as the United  
States, if a Japan-China Bureau were  
established in New York, managed for  
the joint interest of these countries.  
However divergent the interests of  
Japan and China in the Orient may be,  
they are almost identical as respects  
the benefits to be derived from contact  
with the United States. Let me  
mention the community of interests  
upon which China's progress and to  
some extent Japan's material pros-  
perity depends capital for investment,  
increase of trade and travel, improved  
transportation, lower cable tolls, funds  
for medical research, hospital and  
educational work.

"Each country is striving to ex-  
press and interpret itself to the outside  
world in its own way. We have in  
New York for instance the Japan  
Society and the China Society, the  
America-Asiatic Association, the  
Asiatic Institute, the East and West  
News Bureau, The Far East Bureau  
and many others, operating with  
varying degrees of success. Maga-  
zines and newspapers devoted to the  
Far East come and go in rapid suc-  
cession. It would seem to be far wiser  
and more practical if all of these  
activities were co-ordinated and work-  
ing in co-operation.

### Warning on Economic Struggle

"If I could bring out one message  
to you, if I could render Japan but  
one service, it would be to impress on  
your bankers and business men in this  
hour of your greatest prosperity, that  
you look to the future and pre-  
pare now for the economic struggle  
that is to come. I do not presume to  
offer advice regarding your internal  
affairs, but as respects your status in  
the United States, concerning which I  
have given thought for many years  
I may perhaps speak. Let me suggest  
that you make prompt endeavor to  
impress on the American mind your  
economic development and financial  
strength, your dominant position in  
the Far East, our policy toward China,

that you do not adopt dry and tedious  
statistical methods, but that you con-  
sult advertising experts such as are  
employed by the New York banks and  
railways.

"It would especially call your atten-  
tion to the advertising policy of the  
American Telephone and Telegraph  
Company and the Union Pacific Rail-  
way, each of which is spending  
fabulous sums, not with the idea of  
selling anything, but for the purpose  
of nationalising an idea. Beware of  
false press agents and fake advertis-  
ing agents. They are the parasites  
of the business world. Some time ago  
the sugar plantations in Hawaii were  
being damaged by rats. Under expert  
advice the mongoose was brought to  
Hawaii. After the mongoose exter-  
minated the rats, he set in to destroy  
the sugar cane and now they are im-  
porting a special tick which it is said  
will destroy the mongoose. I wonder  
if Dr. Noguchi and Dr. Takamine, your  
great discoverers in medicine and  
chemistry, cannot discover something  
that will destroy the vermin that  
infests international intercourse.

### Tribute to Japanese Sympathy

"In conclusion let me thank you for  
all that you are doing toward a better  
understanding between the United  
States and Japan. Baron Shibusawa is  
a great leader in this field, as he has  
been for years in that of industry.  
His visits to the United States have  
created a lasting impression. The  
passing of your Red Cross contingent  
through the United States on its  
mission of mercy to England was one  
of those characteristic manifestations  
of the Japanese heart that awakened  
our imagination and touched the well  
springs of our kindlier emotion. And  
now you come to us with your usual  
thoughtful kindness in an hour when  
we mourn the loss of our late Am-  
bassador and offer a warship to trans-  
port the remains to the United States.  
I do not speak for my government,  
but I am sure that I voice the  
sentiment of my people when I say  
that your kindly national sympathy  
as you thus express it to a bereaved  
family and friends and also to their  
government and nation is the one  
touch of nature which makes the  
whole world kin.

### THRILLS FOR A PAINTER

Mr. Christopher Williams, the  
Welsh artist, who recently went to the  
Somme battle front at the request of  
Mr. Lloyd George to paint a picture  
of the charge of the Welsh division at  
Mametz Wood, had the unpleasant  
experience of being arrested as a spy.  
He has given the following account of  
what happened:

"I had wandered some distance  
from the officer in whose charge I  
was, and happened to be the only man  
in civilian clothes in the locality.  
Everybody stared at me, and some  
chaps coming back from the firing  
line noticed me emerging from a  
trench. They were staggered. I pro-  
ceeded to sketch, and they stared  
dumb for a while. Then one of them  
approached and asked what I was  
doing. I told him I was sketching and  
in charge of an officer who was some-  
distance away. He allowed me to  
complete the sketch and then marched  
me to where the officer was but he  
was not satisfied with the explanation  
of either of us. Nothing of this sort  
had happened before and the soldier  
was very doubtful as to our passes  
and passports, so he marched us both  
to his officers' quarters. Here the  
authorities were satisfied and dismissed  
us with courteous apologies for the  
inconvenience caused.

"The soldier, however, was not  
satisfied. He was convinced I was a  
German spy, though I spoke Welsh  
and English, and that my passports  
were forged, for I discovered he had  
been very closely cross-examining  
my chauffeur. Of course I understood  
that the man only did his duty, but  
I did not realise how desperate the  
position was until I mentioned the  
incident at the War Office on my  
return. There I was told: 'Mr.  
Williams, you are a very lucky man.  
It's a wonder you were not shot at  
sight.'"

In addition to the painting of the  
victory of Mametz Wood, which, it is  
hoped, will eventually find a home in  
the Welsh National Museum, Mr.  
Christopher Williams is engaged on a  
portrait of Mr. Lloyd George.

### Document Found In The Trunk Of A Spy

Herrsekretär: It is hard to know  
what these Americans are like. They  
put lemon juice in their apple pies,  
but no lemon in lemon pie. Yet this  
latter synthetic product they will  
eat in preference to our beloved  
apfelkuchen.

"The people over here who look in  
store windows never buy anything,  
and the people who buy never look  
in windows."

It is wrong to say that no Amer-  
icans resemble Prussians. Most ladies  
who ride in limousine car bodies  
have that supercilious expression  
which makes me homesick.  
The people here are spending  
money too fast. Unless you hurry  
there will be nothing to loot but  
automobiles, talking machines,  
mechanical pianos and purple shoes.  
I, too, could use five thousand marks.  
If you read in the newspapers  
that 29,000,000 telephone messages  
are sent in America every day be-  
lieve it. Most of them are mine and

I have enlisted two more worthy  
persons for the cause.

It is a schrecklich race, this. The  
men drink back beer and the wo-  
men eat enough chocolate, each one,  
to feed nine Russian prisoners.

The Herr Professor Schmiltz you  
sent to assist me was a fine scholar,  
but absent minded, and he slept too  
much. I gave him an alarm clock  
for himself and a fine expensive TNT  
machine for a munitions factory, and  
he put the wrong one under his  
pillow. With best regards to his  
family, for whom he left no last  
words, I am wishing more funds.  
Respectfully.

## INTERNATIONAL CLEANING AND DYEING WORKS

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have opened a new receiving office at  
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chemical fumes, dilute acids and alkali.

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iron work in proximity to fumes of sulphur,  
carbonic acid and chlorine. Specially suitable for  
ironwork structures in tidal waters where the  
combined influences of immersion, weather and  
sun have to be combated.

Not a decorative article.

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SHANGHAI



## THE "MASS - SIGMA" Racket

Nett \$22.00, with Press

This racket is the only one which is really scientifically constructed.  
It is so made that no useless weight is left in the wedge part of  
the racket, which part, in ordinary rackets, is much wider than is necessary  
for the strain put on the racket by the strokes.

The weight gained in this way from the middle part of the racket  
is divided in two. Half of it is left in the head of the racket, to make  
it stronger, and half is put into the handle, so as to maintain a perfect  
balance.

The advantages of a racket so constructed are numerous:

The frame is less liable to be ak.

It can be more often restringed.

It will not go out of form.

It is less liable to warp if not kept in press.

Its aspect is lighter and more elegant than that of any other racket.

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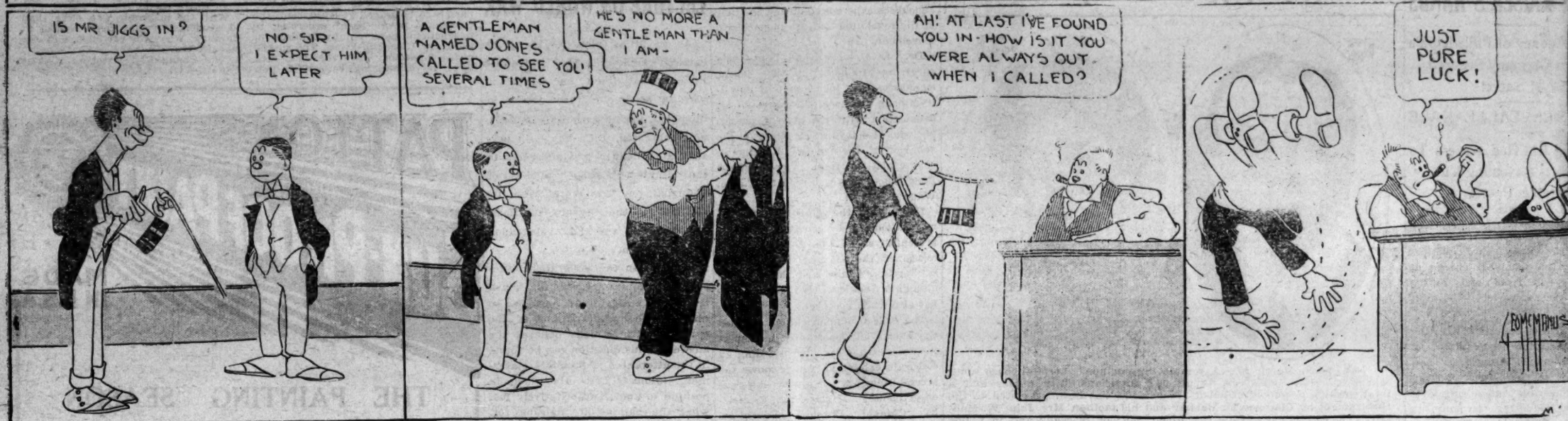
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## Bringing Up Father



By George McManus



Love, Home and Table Topics  
By Clever Writers

Daily Home Magazine Page

A Good Page to Read in the  
Leisure Hour

All Over The World

### Consummate Comedy

Under the title, "Consummate Comedy," E. S. Lang Buckland, in his little volume on Oliver Goldsmith, thus gives the circumstances surrounding the production of "She Stoops to Conquer." Goldsmith was full of hope for that capital essay in comedy, "She Stoops to Conquer." Two years passed before he could obtain its definite acceptance. He found his manager not in Garrick, as one might have anticipated, but again in Colman. The pretty piece appeared at Covent Gar-

den. Tried as Goldsmith had been ere "The Good-natured Man" was produced, the negotiations and delays about "She Stoops to Conquer" were not less torturing. Colman kept the manuscript in his hands for months and months without coming to any decision. The playwright's letters to the manager are absolute supplications. Humiliation appears the very discipline of genius. At one time the manuscript was actually recalled by its author and despatched to Garrick. Before it had really come under his

consideration, which very likely might have been just as obtuse, Johnson intervened. To send it to Garrick, in his opinion, would be tantamount to an acknowledgment of its refusal by Colman. This had not taken place. The manager would neither accept the piece nor produce it. He said he would keep his faith, but whatever that might mean in his mind, he did nothing. Johnson finally and very firmly brought the man to book. When Colman had accepted the piece, through his gloomy forebodings he biased the actors against the play before they had even seen it, but no sooner had the rehearsals begun in earnest than they warmed to their assigned parts, and in due time admired and revelled in the comedy. Colman, niggard, would risk nothing in the production of the piece, neither in new costumes nor theatrical fittings. He actually held forth disparagingly in his own box office to those who sent to purchase tickets for the play.

"In the Republic of Letters rumors of wrong run like riot through the realm. Indignant at Goldsmith's sufferings through Colman's insults, and still more from their love of the play-wright, his friends determined that if popular support and applause on the first night could make his comedy succeed, then no effort in this direction should be spared upon his behalf. An illustrious and a memorable house greeted the rising curtain. This assemblage of celebrities and the men and women who loved and admired and were resolved to stand by and support Oliver Goldsmith was moving in itself, and one of the greatest possible evidences of the honor and popularity in which the man was held. The people rallied to the rescue of their favorite—the best beloved of all the authors. This is one of the finest demonstrations of public sympathy and regard the history of literature affords. The whole affair proved an unequivocal success. Those friends, bent on conquest, applauded everything, and led the streams of welcoming mirth and merriment. The fact that the comedy did not require this protection could not make the personal kindness less pleasing. Johnson, Burke, Reynolds, Stevens, Fitzherbert, and a rallying host, dined together before proceeding

to the theater, Johnson led them like a commander-in-chief. The hearty meal at the Shakespeare Tavern was one of the most jovial imaginable. The party mustered on the battlement. It was Goldsmith's Waterloo. That great victory, like the triumph of "She Stoops to Conquer," was assured ere it was fought. Goldsmith, very

nervous at the dinner, did not go at once to the theater, but strolled away, and rambled alone in St. James's Park. He crept back, or, rather, was persuaded by Stevens to come, and arrived at the opening of the fifth act. Strangely enough, as he entered he caught the only sign of disapproval heard that night.

### How an English Writer Missed Fame

In "My Garden" Eden Phillpotts relates how one autumn he missed fame by a hair's breadth. "The matter," he says, "belongs to annual climbers, and may therefore be introduced upon this page. It concerns a gourd that I brought with me from one of the most beautiful gardens in Europe. When I say that the gourd came from Sir Thomas Hanbury's place, La Mortala, near Mentone, those who have walked through that glorious scene will know all about it. Sir Thomas took a slice of the Italian coast and, enchanter as he is, turned it into the most wonderful fairyland of flowers that shall be found even upon the margins of the Mediterranean. There are things in those gardens that make one sigh with pleasure even to remember. There are plants unique in cultivation flourishing there. I say "unique" deliberately, for these specimens long ago reached that happy valley, and no man now knows whence they originally came. The mighty ones of Kew pay pilgrimages to La Mortala, and bow down and worship at the feet of the succulents there assembled. Their owner himself declared to me that the flowers of some among his stapellas are more amazing than any orchid. The aloes flame like fire; the agaves attain proportions beyond one's dreams; there is no such collection of citros in Europe—from citros Aurantium Bergamia, and bergamot orange, to the wonderful Buddha's fingers, their range through every variety of shade, from lemon, lime, kumquat, and mandarin. In one spot there shall be seen half an acre of rhemones—the most beautiful sheet of pure color that before you at every turn. Blossoms fall in scented showers upon the wanderer; water tinkles from dim green nests of exotic ferns; the fragrance and the loveliness of innumerable roses haunt each glade; in the wild portions of the estate, Nature has her free way, and indigenous oleanders blossom by a mountain stream. The blue sea hems in all. Upon my first visit I was so much moved that I made an epigram about this garden. The effort, however, created no special

attention; but it shall not perish unrecorded. "To gild refined gold and paint the lily. Are feats that most of us consider silly; But you, who laid this jewel by the sea, Have added loveliness to Italy." "Of course twenty such books as mine would not serve to tell of one-half the wonders at La Mortala. I am merely concerned with a single magic gourd grown there and brought home by me to this country. To the eye it lacked any particular significance, being merely a little golden fruit, rather flat in shape, and about the size of a large orange. In the spring I opened it, took six seeds from five hundred and planted them. They came up at once, and were duly set during May. All prospered and all fruited freely. But now began the enchantments of Sir Thomas—that horticultural Prospero of the Italian seaboard. Those six vines bore no less than four distinct varieties of fruit!" "Now this is a most interesting experience, and botanists ought to make a great deal of it. What troubles me is the opportunity that I have thrown away. Had I guessed at the magic nature of this little gourd from the South; had I received any inkling of its amazing properties, I should, for one year, have devoted my entire garden to the raising of gourds, and become the greatest gourd expert in the world. Because, if six seeds produced four varieties, twelve must have given me eight, and a hundred no less than sixty-six. Multiply sixty-six by five, for the gourd contained at least five hundred seeds, and we get three hundred and thirty different gourds. But there are not three hundred and thirty gourds known to cultivation. Therefore it follows that, had I produced such a crop of new varieties, my name must have rung through gourd circles to the end of time."

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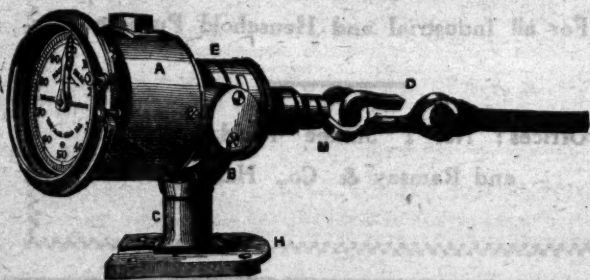
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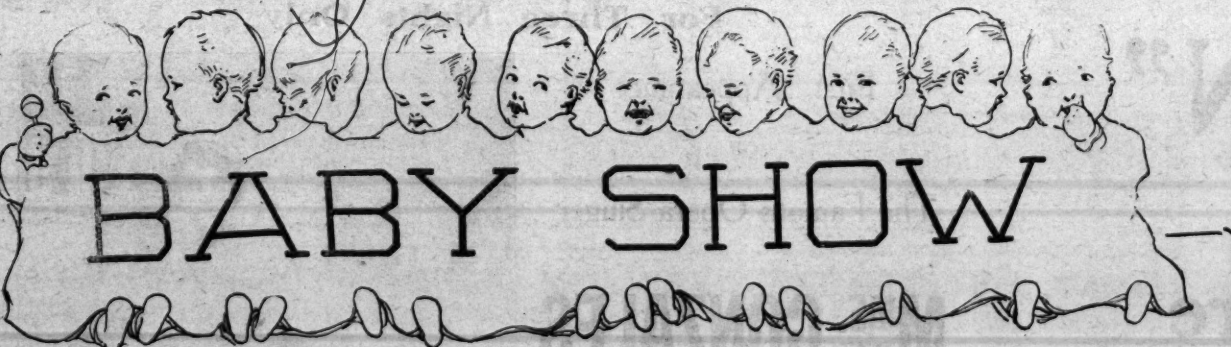
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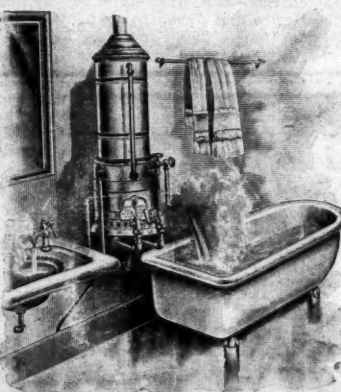
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Naval Secrets

### ARRESTS REVEAL LEAKAGE

Machinist Firm Had Access To  
Blueprints Revealing Vul-  
nerable Points

Philadelphia, March 12.—In a series of startling revelations made today concerning the navy yard plotters arrested on the technical charge of smuggling goods from and to the interned German raiders, the most amazing facts brought out were:

That the firm of Schutte & Koerting Co., manufacturing machinists, of which Adelbert K. Fischer is now under arrest is the largest German marine engineering companies said to be located at Hamburg, Germany.

### Went After Navy Contracts

That this firm has made a specialty of contracts for the American Navy some under direct contract with the government and some as a sub contract for American shipbuilding concerns.

That in this manner this German firm has obtained information about the American Navy, including plans, specification and blueprints concerning their oil burning steam plants and the location of oil tanks on both dreadnoughts and torpedo boat destroyers.

That Adelbert Fischer, president of this German American machine company, came here only a few years ago to take charge of the American branch of the German company and that Fischer himself is a reserve officer in the German army.

### Wife in Smuggling Plot

That this American branch of a German marine engineering company in charge of a German reserve officer working on American government contracts, is equipped with machinery which can be used for the manufacture of shells, bombs and mines, as, in fact, it was used for the United States government in the Spanish-American War.

That the plot to smuggle chronometers ashore from the internal raiders was engineered almost exclusively by Fischer's wife, and that it may have had for its object the equipment of the chronometers with wires which would have made it possible to have used them as time clocks on submerged mines under the interned raiders to wreck them in case of war and their seizure by the United States.

### Would Aid Germany in War

If the navy drawings and plans were forwarded to the home office in Germany of Fischer's Philadelphia company, the German navy gunners would not have to guess about the vulnerable points on American men-of-war. They would have the blueprints showing them where the oil tanks on American warships were located and could concentrate their fire with the certainty of not merely hitting in the dark, but of aiming directly at the great vital spot of the American ships.

For several years this work for the American navy has been the principal business of Fischer's company and has placed him in a position where he could obtain full information about every important ship in the American navy, including the latest

## Give Fully Equipped War Hospital to U.S.



New York, March 25.—A completely equipped hospital base unit, which will have 500 beds, twenty odd physicians, fifty nurses and a total working personnel of about 125 persons, has been presented to the government by Clarence H. Mackay and his mother, Mrs. John W. Mackay. The equipment, which cost about \$40,000, is ready and in a few days the hospital will be prepared for action in case of necessity.

Most of the staff physicians and nurses have been selected from Roosevelt Hospital. It will be known officially as "Red Cross Base Hospital No. 15." It will be operated under the direction of the Red Cross.

oil burning dreadnoughts like the Pennsylvania and the Oklahoma.

In 1898 the firm ingratiated itself to the government of the United States by demonstrating that its machinery without much trouble could be converted into the manufacture of shells and mines. The machinery used then for war munitions could still be used for the same purpose.

In all these additional revelations about the navy yard plot, Henry Rohrer, the grocer and importer of Fifth and Race streets, is believed to have been an innocent catpaw.

### High in Kaiser's Confidence

That Fischer and Mrs. Fischer should have got on such terms of intimacy with the officers of the interned German raiders that they would trust them with a smuggling plot, for which both Fischer, his wife and their chauffeur now are under heavy bail, is not considered strange by those acquainted with the standing of the Fischer family in Germany and their strong hold on the confidence of the German navy and government.

Fischer is, indeed, believed to stand higher in the confidence of the German government than any other German now in this country. This is easily explained, but amazement is caused by the fact that Fischer managed to get into the confidence of the American government to an almost equal extent and sufficiently to have free access to nearly every American battle ship, cruiser, destroyer or torpedo boat built or building in any of the navy yards or private ship-building yards in this country.

### An Open Book to Kaiser

Fischer even got representatives of his firm on board United States naval vessels on their trial trips, and if there is anything the Kaiser wants to know about the American navy, it is more than suspected he would have only to consult the German home office of this Philadelphia machine company.

In his smuggling raid on Fischer's home, Frank Garbarino, the Department of Justice agent, is believed now to have brought to light the most important German agency in this country, which, perhaps, did not even rank second to the German embassy itself, even though the embassy was charged with the duty of getting Mexico and Japan to go to war with the United States.

## NANYANG OPENS 20th BIRTHDAY PROGRAM

Dr. J. C. Ferguson, Only Surviving  
Founder, Addresses  
Students; Today's Plans

Interesting speeches, a lantern procession, singing, moving pictures, military drill and a sleight-of-hand entertainment formed the program of the opening yesterday of the celebration of the 20th anniversary of the Government Institute of Technology. President Tong Wen-tche officially opened the affair in a speech of wel-

come, in which he outlined the growth of the school during the twenty years of its existence and described the difficulties experienced during the time of the revolution and the monarchical movement.

Dr. J. C. Ferguson, the only surviving founder of the school, emphasised the importance of morality among students and expressed his satisfaction with the present president who also lays much stress on the behavior of the pupils. A letter of congratulation from Vice-President Feng Kuo-chang was read by Taoyin Wang Keng-tin.

Deputies of the Ministries of Communications and Education and representatives of the Defence Commissioner, the Kiangsu Commissioner of Foreign Affairs and those of the alumni in America, Peking and Shanghai also made speeches.

The college administration afforded the guests an opportunity to inspect its work at a glance by providing an elaborate exhibition, which shows the accomplishments of seven different departments: Engineering, Electricity, Chinese, Physical Education, Student Activities, Chemistry and Physics.

Numerous souvenirs had been prepared by the students and these were sold at cost. Magazines, badges, pennants and pictures were offered. The tea pavilions and a regular restaurant have been erected on the left side of the entrance, being managed by the boy scouts of the school. All proceeds of the sales will be turned over to the fund for the proposed \$60,000 library.

Today's program includes athletic sports and boy scout drills. There is also a musical treat this afternoon at 4.30. The charming song cycle which was given at the American Woman's Club last week will be repeated. The program will be as follows:

Song Cycle "Floriana" by Arthur Whiting  
Mrs. J. J. Connell, Soprano  
Mrs. G. F. Ashley, Contralto  
Mr. E. G. Neff, Tenor  
Mr. J. A. T. Thomas, Baritone  
Violin solos, Miss Alice Elch  
Friends of the college are cordially invited to be present.

## PASTOR A.C. DANIELLS TO LECTURE ON WORLD WAR

As a fitting close to the great council of Seventh-Day Adventist missionaries which has adjourned after a session of three weeks in Shanghai, Pastor Arthur G. Daniels, of Washington, D.C., has been persuaded to deliver two addresses to the English-speaking public of Shanghai, on "The World War: Its Relation to the Century-Old Eastern Question, and the Armageddon of the Scriptures."

What mean the unparalleled sacrifices of life and treasure that mark the titanic struggle now engaging so many of the great nations of the earth? Mr. Daniels believes the answer to this question can be found in the utterances of premiers, statesmen, diplomats and other men in position to know authoritatively just what the nations are fighting for. He submits the facts in the case, believing that these throw light not only on the meaning of the present world conflict, but also upon the great fundamental problems of the human race.

Mr. Daniels brings to the consideration of his subject a wealth of first-hand information which eager audiences have elsewhere manifestly appreciated. The lecture is to be given in the Masonic Hall, next Sunday and Monday evenings, at 9 p.m. No admittance fee will be charged.

## CHINESE NAVY MANEUVERS

Naval maneuvers in which Chinese cruisers and torpedo-boats will take part is to be staged at Siangshan, the Chekiang naval base, according to instructions given out by Minister of the Navy Chen Pih-kwan. The special naval inspector, Chen Lai-che, sent down by Minister Chen, who is now

in Shanghai, despatched yesterday the torpedo-boats Tung An, Yu Chong, Chen Shao, Li and Chang to Siangshan to the scene. With the inspector, are more than 40 students of the Naval School at Nanking, who will participate in the maneuvers. Mr. Chen is now staying at the Chang Fah Hotel on Avenue Edward VII.



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M. K. and S. B.	\$670 S.
Chartered	\$59 10s.
Russo-Asiatic	R. 250
Cathay, ordy.	Tls. 6.05.
Cathay, pref.	Tls. 5.10 B.
Marine Insurance	
Canton	Tls. 375 B.
North China	Tls. 150 S.
Union of Canton	\$910
Yangtze	\$220.
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China Fire	\$155 B.
Hongkong Fire	Tls. 330 B.
Shipping	
Indo-China Pref.	Tls. 123.
Indo-China Def.	Tls. 107 1/2 B.
"Shell"	Tls. 16 1/2 S.
Shanghai Tug (6)	Tls. 50 S.
Shanghai Tug (1)	Tls. 35
Kochien	Tls. 35
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 8 1/2 B.
Oriental Cons.	27 1/2
Philippine	Tls. 6.80
Raub	\$2 1/2 B.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	\$123 S.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 90.
New Eng. Works	Tls. 11 1/2 B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 73 1/2 S.
Hongkong Wharf	Tls. 81 1/2 B.
Land and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 84 1/2 B.
China Land	Tls. 50.
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Wahaiwai Land	Tls. 3.
Shanghai Hotels Ltd.	\$8 B.
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China Realty (pref.)	Tls. 50.
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E-wa	Tls. 152 1/2.
E-wa Pref.	Tls. 105.
International	Tls. 82 B.
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Laou-kung-mew	Tls. 80.
Oriental	Tls. 44.
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 121 B.
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Yangtze	Tls. 5 1/2 B.
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Butler Tls.	Tls. 33
China Sugar	Tls. 114 B.
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Alma	Tls. 11 1/2.
Amberst	Tls. 1.05 S.
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## Singapore Rubber Auction

Singapore, April 12 and 13.—Following

were the prices realised at the

rubber Auction this week:—

Sheet:

Smoked Fine Ribbed

Smoked Good Ribbed

Smoked Fine Plain

Smoked Good Plain

Unsmoked Fine Ribbed

Unsmoked Good Ribbed

Unsmoked Fine Plain

Unsmoked Good Plain

Crepe:

Fine Pale Thin

Good Pale Thin

Good Pale Blanket

Fine Brown

Good Brown

Good Dark

Barley

Scrap:

Virgin and Pressed

Loose

Sheet:

Cupwashing

Catalogue for sale Pels. 12,131

(about 72 tons)

Gold Pels. 8,370 (about 528 tons).

A general advance in prices took

place at this week's auction which

started yesterday morning. From

the very beginning there was a good

demand for nearly all grades. Be-

fore noon, the top price of \$155

was paid for both Fine Ribbed

Smoked Sheet and Fine Pale Crepe.

Plain Smoked and both descriptions

of Unsmoked Sheet show a slight

advance in prices from last week, and

medium and lower grades of Crepe

shared in the general improvement.

There was keen competition for

Fine Brown Crepe. In the after-

noon, it was difficult at times to

maintain the morning's prices. The

average prices of the day were

about \$163 for both Standard

Grades.

At the continuation of the auc-

tion this morning, \$164 was the

highest price realised for the two

Standard Grades, most other grades

moved off at yesterday's prices.

(Meyer and Messer.)

London Rubber Market

Rubber's Service

London, April 21.—Today's rubber

prices were:

Plantation First Latex Crepe:

Spot: 3s. 0 1/2 d. Paid.

July to December: 2s. 11 1/2 d. Paid.

Tendency of Market: Very quiet.

Previous Quotation, London, April

20:

Spot: 3s. 0 1/2 d. Paid.

July to December: 2s. 11 1/2 d. Paid.

Tendency of Market: Quiet.

Messrs. Hugo Reiss and Co. have

received the following cable from

Messrs. Kimmel and Co., London:

Spot price standard Quality

Ribbed Smoked Sheet—2 11 1/2

Spot price standard Quality

First Crepe—2 11 1/2

Market quiet tendency down-

wards, free on board, up to

end of year

2 7

Stock Exchange

Transactions

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS

Shanghai, April 26, 1917.

Official

Shanghai and Hongkong Wharf

Tls. 73.50

Shanghai Lands Tls. \$1.50

Anglo-Javas Tls. 10.20

Consolidated Tls. 3.05 X.D.

Java Consolidated Tls. 20.50

Kroewoeks Tls. 18.50

Kroewoeks Tls. 18.75

Repah Tls. 1.20

Semambus Tls. 1.45 X.D.

Telephone Tls. \$5.00

Sharebrokers' Association

Transactions

BUSINESS DONE

Shanghai, April 26, 1917.

Official

Yangtze Cottons Tls. 5.75 cash

Direct

Zhangbes Tls. 5.85 cash

LANGKAT DAILY OUTPUT

The following telegraphic in-

formation has been received by

the general agent from the

Sumatra director and manager of

the Maatschappij tot Mijn-

boschen en Landbouwexploitatie in

Langkat:

"The output of crude oil for

April 25 was 80 tons."

## Shanghai Gas Co.'s Meeting

The Shanghai Gas Co. held their

annual general meeting of share-

holders yesterday afternoon at 4

o'clock, at the offices of Messrs. Scott,

Harding and Co., 6 Peking Road. A

dividend of Tls. 2.50 per share was

declared for the last financial year.

The meeting was presided over by Mr.

E. Jenner Hogg, and he was supported

by Messrs. F. Ayscough, and C. W.

Wrightson (directors), G. W. Wingrove

(secretary), J. W. Mackay (deputy

engineer), and shareholders: Messrs.

E. H. Dunning, W. Gater, L. J. Cubitt,

W. Armstrong, J. Johnston, B. Ander-

ton, Dr. E. L. Marsh, J. Ambrose, T. G.

Drakeford and H. Phillips. The

shares represented totalled 3,653.

The Secretary having read the

notice convening the meeting, the

Chairman spoke as follows:

I am glad to be able to express

satisfaction with the result of the

past year's working, which shows an

appreciable improvement as com-

pared with the last three or four

years. The demand for gas has in-

creased, giving evidence that the

public—both foreign and native—is

realising the advantages derivable

from the use of gas and its ap-

plications, especially for domestic

purposes—cooking, heating, in-

dustrial, &amp;c.—with the result that

consumption is over 2 1/2 better than

during the previous year, and, as

our residual products have obtained



# Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

## Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.  
Capital .....£1,200,000  
Reserve Fund .....1,800,000  
Reserve Liability of Shareholders .....1,200,000

Head Office:  
35 Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

Court of Directors:  
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.  
Sir Henry S. Cunningham, K.C.I.E.  
T. Outherson, Esq.  
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.  
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.  
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.B.  
W. Fort Mitchell, Esq.  
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Branches:  
The Bank of England.  
The London City & Midland Bank Limited.  
The London County and Westminster Bank Limited.  
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.  
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:  
Amritsar, Hanoi, Puket, Bangkok, Ipoh, Rangoon, Batavia, Karachi, Saigon, Bombay, Klang, Seremban, Calcutta, Kobe, Singapore, Canton, Kuala-Lumpur, Shanghai, Cebu, Madras, Sourabaya, Colombo, Malacca, Talping, Delhi, Manila, (P. M. S.), Foochow, Medan, Tavoy (Lower), Haiphong, New York, Burma, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Hongkong, Penang, Yokohama.

Shanghai Branch, 18 The Bund.  
Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought and received for Collection. Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Account, according to arrangement.  
Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

W. B. SUTHERLAND, Manager.

## BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Capital .....Fr. 48,000,000.00  
Reserves .....Fr. 48,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:  
Bangkok, Hanoi, Saigon, Battambang, Hongkong, Shanghai, Canton, Mengtze, Singapore, Djibouti, Noumea, Tientsin, Dondickery, Peking, Tourane, Haiphong, Papeete, Hankou, Pnom-Penh.

Bankers:  
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.  
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Pays-Bas; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN, Manager.

## Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Pillule de la Societe Generale de Belgique  
Societe Anonyme  
Paid-up Capital .....Fr. 30,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS.  
London Office: 2 Bishopsgate.  
Branches at Peking, Tientsin, Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt), and Rotterdam.

President:  
JEAN JADOT  
Societe Generale de Belgique.  
Gouverneur  
Societe Generale de Belgique.

Bankers:  
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.  
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.  
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.  
Paris: Banque de l'Union Parisienne, Societe Anonyme.  
Lyons and Marseilles: Comptoir National d'Escompte d'Paris.  
New York: National City Bank of New York.  
Interest allowed on Current Accounts Tails and fixed deposits according to arrangements.  
Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS, Manager for China.

## Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital .....\$15,000,000  
Reserve Funds:  
Sterling, £1,500,000 @ 2s. \$15,000,000  
Silver .....18,500,000  
\$33,500,000

Reserve Liability of Proprietors .....\$15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG  
Court of Directors:  
S. H. Dodwell, Esq., Chairman.  
J. A. Plummer Esq., Deputy.  
Hon. Mr. C. E. Anton. [Chairman].  
G. T. M. Edkins, Esq.  
C. S. Gubbay Esq.  
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak.  
E. V. D. Darr, Esq.  
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.  
Hon. Mr. E. Shellim.

Chief Manager:  
Hongkong-N. J. STARR.

Branches and Agencies:  
Amoy, Ipoh, Peking, Bankok, Johore, Penang, Batavia, Kobe, Rangoon, Bombay, Kuala Lumpur, Saigon, Calcutta, London, S. Francisco, Canton, Lyons, Shanghai, Colombo, Malacca, Singapore, Foochow, Manila, Sourabaya, Nagsasaki, Tientsin, Harbin, New York, Tsingtau, Iloilo, Yokohama.

London Bankers:  
London County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.  
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.  
Local Bills Discounted.  
Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.  
A. G. STEPHEN, Manager.

## Russo-Asiatic Bank

Roubles.  
Capital (fully-paid) .....55,000,000  
Reserve Fund .....24,000,000  
Kpg. Tls.

Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government .. 3,500,000  
Reserve Fund .....1,743,000  
Head office: PETROGRAD.  
Paris Office: 9, Rue Boudreau.  
London Office: 64, Old Broad St. E. C.

Bankers:  
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.  
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developement de Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.

Lyons: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

Far Eastern Branches and Agencies:  
Bombay, Hailan, Peking, Calcutta, Hankow, Shanghai, Chanchun, Harbin, Tientsin, (Kwan Hongkong, Tsingtau, chendze) Newchwang, Vladivostok, Chefoo, Nicolayowsk, Yokohama, Dalny (Dalren o-A).

85 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Account and Fixed Deposits in Tails, Dollars and Roubles. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.  
Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.  
Savings Deposits Boxes.

J. JEZERSKI, Q. CARRERE, Managers for China and Japan.

## The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, Ltd.

9, Ningpo Road.  
Paid-Up Capital .....\$ 500,000.00  
Reserves .....\$ 10,000.00  
Deposits (Dec. 31, 1916) \$1,400,000.00

Correspondents at principal cities in China, and domestic exchange a speciality.  
Credits granted on approved securities. Bills discounted.  
Current account in both tails and dollars with interest, may be opened on application.  
Particulars of interest allowed on fixed deposits, in both tails and dollars, will be furnished on request.

K. P. CHEN, General Manager.

## The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital .....\$80,000,000  
Paid-up Capital .....\$10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.  
Branches and Agencies:  
Peking, Tientsin, Newchwang, Mukden, Changchun, Harbin, Dairen, Tsinan, Tsingtau, Kaifung, Hankow, Ichang, Shanshi, W'hu, Yangchow, Chinkiang, Nanking, Shanghai, Hangchow, Ningpo, Foochow, Canton, Nanchang, Talyuen, etc., etc.

SHANGHAI BRANCH, 3 HANKOW ROAD.  
Loans granted on approved securities. Local bills discounted. Interest allowed on Current Deposits in Tails at the rate of 2 per cent per annum and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:  
For 3 months at the rate of 3 per cent per annum.  
For 6 months at the rate of 4 per cent per annum.  
For 12 months at the rate of 5 per cent per annum.

SUNG HAN-CHANG, Manager.

## Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Saving Bank Office:  
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than \$1, or over \$100, will be received at one time.

Not more than \$1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of \$5,000.  
Interest at the rate of 3 1/2 per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Tails, at the option of the depositor.  
Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.  
Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

## Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Francs 45,000,000  
One-third of the Capital, i. e. Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1912.  
President, Andre Berthelot.  
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

HEAD OFFICE  
74, RUE ST. LAZARE, PARIS.  
Branches in Peking, Tientsin and Shanghai

BANKERS:  
In France: Societe Generale pour le Developement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.  
In London: London, County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits on application.  
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

G. LION, Manager.  
1, French Bund, Shanghai.

## Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)  
Head Office: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN.

Capital Subscribed .. Yen 40,000,000  
Capital Paid-up ..... 30,000,000  
Reserve Fund ..... 20,500,000

London Bankers:  
Union of London & Smith's Bank, The London Joint Stock Bank, Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies:  
Antungshin, London, Port Arthur, Bombay, Liao-yang, S. Francisco, Calcutta, Los Angeles, Singapore, Chanchun, Lyons, Sydney, Dairen, Mukden, Sinanfu, Hankow, Nagasaki, Tientsin, Harbin, Newchwang, Tientsin, Hongkong, New York, Honolulu, Osaka, Tsingtau, Kobe, Peking.

SHANGHAI BRANCH  
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Tails and Dollars, according to arrangement.  
Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa and China, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America, and every description of Banking and exchange business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

## International Banking Corporation

Head Office:  
National City Bank Building  
60 Wall Street, New York

London Office:  
36 Bishopsgate, E. C.

Capital paid up.....U.S. \$3,250,000.00  
Reserve and Undivided Profits ..... 3,931,774.11  
U.S. \$7,181,774.11

Branches at:  
Bombay, Hongkong, Singapore, Calcutta, Kobe, S. Francisco, Canton, London, Tientsin, Cebu, Manila, Yokohama, Colon (P.C.Z.), Medellin, Peking, Hankow, Panama, Shanghai

Through its close affiliation with THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK, the Corporation is able to offer the special service of the Branches of that Institution in Cuba and South America:—BUENOS AYRES, HABANA, MONTVIDEO, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTIAGO DE CUBA, SANTOS, SAO PAULO, VALPARAISO, BAHIA-BRASIL.  
The Corporation transacts every description of Banking and Exchange business, issues Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit and Travellers' Cheques, available in the United States of America and in all other parts of the world, and receives money on CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSIT upon terms which can be ascertained on application.

H. G. GULLAND, Manager.  
1a Kiukiang Road, SHANGHAI.

## Nederlandsche Handels-Maatschappij

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)  
Established 1824.

Paid-up Capital—  
Gulds 60,000,000 (about 45,000,000)  
Reserve Fund—  
Gulds 9,926,481 (about 48,271,200)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.  
Head Agency: BATAVIA.  
Agencies in Holland:  
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:  
Banjermasin, Padang, Soerakarta, Bandoeng, Palembang, Tandjong Balei, Cheribon, Pekalongan, Tebu-Tinggi, Djember, Penang, Tegal, Djokjakarta, Pontianak, Telok-Betong, Hongkong, Rangoon, Tjilatjap, Kota-Radja, Semarang, Weltevreden, Makassar, Singapore, Medan, Soerabaya.

London Bankers:  
Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.  
Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents, and transacts banking business of every description.  
Current accounts kept in tails and dollars.  
SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tail accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG, Manager.

## Commercial Bank of China

Head office: SHANGHAI  
Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000  
Paid-up Capital .. Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.  
Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:  
For 3 months at 3 1/2 per annum.  
For 6 months at 4 per annum.  
For 12 months at 5 per annum.  
On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. C. MARSHALL, Chief Manager.

## The Bank of Canton, Limited.

Incorporated 1912.  
Authorised Capital .....H.\$2,000,000  
Subscribed and paid up Capital .....H.\$1,371,500  
Reserve Fund .....H.\$ 120,000  
Investment reserve fund.....H.\$ 20,000

Head Office:  
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office:  
No. 2 Ningpo Road.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.  
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG, Act. Manager.

## The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Authorised Capital .....£1,500,000  
Subscribed Capital .....1,125,000  
Paid-up Capital .....582,500  
Reserve Fund .....900,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:  
Bank of England.  
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies:  
Bombay, Howrah, Madras, Calcutta, Kandy, Penang, Colombo, Karachi, Part Louis, Delhi, Kota Bahrur (Mauritius), Galle, Kuala Lumpur, Shanghai, Singapore.

Shanghai Branch.  
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tail Current Accounts at 2 per annum and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BEATH, Acting Manager.  
7 Nanking Road. 9752

## BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorized by Presidential Mandates of April 7, 1914 and October 31, 1915.

Paid up Capital: Kuiping Tails 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.  
50 Branches and Agencies at principal commercial places in China.

SHANGHAI BRANCH  
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits in Tails and Dollars according to arrangements.

Credit granted on Approved Securities and Every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

CHAO CHING HUA, Manager.

## SUMITOMO BANK, LIMITED

SHANGHAI BRANCH  
1 Kiukiang Road

Capital (Paid-up) .. Yen 15,000,000  
Reserves ..... Yen 1,470,000  
Deposits ..... Yen 120,000,000

President, Baron K. SUMITOMO  
Head Office: OSAKA.

Branches:  
Tokyo, Yokohama, Nagoya, Kyoto, Osaka, Kobe, Hyogo, Onomichi, Kure, Nihama, Hiroshima, Yamai, Shimonoseki, Moji, Wakamatsu, Kikukoku, Kurume, Honolulu, San Francisco, Bombay and Hankow

London Banker:  
LLOYDS BANK, LIMITED  
New York Banker:  
NATIONAL CITY BANK OF N. Y.

Banking Business in General Foreign Exchange Business, Travellers' and Commercial Letters of Credit, Correspondents throughout the World.

S. KASAHARA, Manager.  
Tel. No. 3536 (Sumitomo Bank).  
Tel. No. 4663 (Comptadore Office).

## 中 華 銀 行

Statutes approved by the Government in 1916  
Head Office: Tientsin  
Capital .....\$2,000,000.00  
Paid up .....\$1,000,000.00  
Managing Director: SUN TAO SAN

Branches and Agencies:  
Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hankow, Nanking, Pengpu, Hsuehchow, Chinkiang, Yangchow, Hangchow, Ningpo, Shaohsing.

Shanghai Branch  
441, Ningpo Road

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.  
Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager.  
T. D. ZAR, Sub-manager.

## Provision Prices in Local Markets

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollars cents at Hongkew market as compiled on April 24, 1917.

Butcher's Meat  
Beef per lb. 14-20  
Mutton " 16-20  
Pork " 25-30  
Veal " 25-30

Fish  
Bream per lb. 12-14  
Cod " 12-14  
Mackerel " 20-30  
Pomfret " 16-20  
Salmon " 16-20  
Sami " 30-100  
Soles " 16-30  
Whitebait " 10-12

Game, Poultry and Eggs  
Deer each none  
Duck " 30-50  
Eggs per doz. 15-16  
Fowl per lb. 20-22  
Geese each 75-100  
Hare " none  
Partridge " none  
Pheasant " none  
Pigeons " 25-50  
Plover " 4-10  
Quail " 12-20  
Snipe " 14-16  
Turkey per lb. 40-45  
Teal each 10-12  
Wild Duck " 35-40  
Wild Geese " none  
Woodcock " 30-40  
Wild Pigeons " none

Fruit  
Apples per lb. 12-20  
Apricots " none  
Bananas " 7-8  
Cherries " none  
Cocoanuts each 15-18  
Chestnuts per lb. 10-12  
Figs per doz. none  
Grapes per lb. none  
Lemons each 7-8  
Lichees per lb. none  
Mangoes each 20-25  
Mangosteens per doz. none  
Melons each none  
Oranges per lb. 10-12  
Peaches " none  
Persimmons " none  
Peebles per lb. none  
Plums " none  
Pumeloes each 20-25  
Pears per lb. 10-12  
Strawberries " none  
Walnuts " 10-12  
Pineapple each 15

Vegetables  
Artichokes per lb. 2-3  
Asparagus per doz. 20-30  
Bamboo Shoots per lb. 3-10  
Broad Beans " 8-10  
Beetroot per bunch 2-3  
Cabbage each 8-10  
Celery per bunch 8-10  
Carrots " 2-3  
Cauliflower each 8-12  
Egg Plant per lb. 10-12  
French Beans " 3-10  
Green Corn each none  
Leeks per bunch 2-3  
Mushrooms per lb. 50-60  
Onions per lb. 6-9  
Peas " 8-10  
Potatoes per pic. \$3.00-3.50  
Parsnips per lb. 5-6  
Radishes per bunch 1-2  
Spinach per lb. 2-3  
Tomatoes " 8-10  
Turnips per bunch none

Grain and Flour  
Flour, American per 50 lb. \$4.50  
Flour, Shanghai per 50 lb. \$2.60  
Rice per 200 lb. \$7.20

Milk  
Foreign dairies per bottles 20  
Chinese dairies " 17  
Fodder  
Barley per 114 lbs. \$2.80  
Fuel  
House Coal per ton Tia. 13.00  
Stove Coal " Tia. 17.40  
Firewood per 50 bundles \$1.00  
Bran " \$2.05  
E. KILNER, Chief Inspector.

## Sailed from Shanghai

For London, etc.  
Antiochus .....Mar. 1  
City of Corinth .....Feb. 26  
Hitachi Maru .....Feb. 28  
Iyo Maru .....Mar. 11  
Kitano Maru .....Apr. 13  
Miyazaki Maru .....Mar. 20  
Tsuruga Maru .....Feb. 13  
For New York  
Tokio Maru .....Mar. 21  
Toyooka Maru .....Feb. 1  
For San Francisco, etc.  
China .....Apr. 18  
Ecuador .....Apr. 1  
Nippon Maru .....Apr. 3  
Persia Maru .....Apr. 21  
Shidzuoka Maru .....Apr. 2  
Shinyo Maru .....Apr. 1  
For Seattle  
Yokohama Maru .....Feb. 13  
Tamba Maru .....Mar. 11  
For Tacoma  
Hawaii Maru .....Apr. 17  
Mexico Maru .....Apr. 8  
Manila Maru .....Mar. 6

## AMUSEMENTS

## APOLLO THEATRE

Programme for April 27th, 28th and 29th.

TONIGHT  
"THE TIME LIMIT"  
Pathe's Feature Photo-Play  
IN THREE PARTS.

Adapted from the Novel by J. H. Rosny.  
Featuring Andre Pascal.

Pathe's British, French and American Gazettes  
Depicting all the principal events.

"Heinie and Louie Bootblacks"  
Starlight Comedy.  
"Where Can I Get a Wife?"  
Humorous comedy.

MATINEE, Saturday, April 28th, at 5 p.m.  
Showing  
"The Little Sisters"  
and  
"The New Adventures of J. Rufus Wallingford"

MATINEE, Sunday, at 3 p.m.  
The 3rd and 4th Series of  
"Who's Guilty?" Four Parts.

## CLARKE'S CIRQUE

At Chang Su Ho Gardens  
EVERY NIGHT AT 9.15  
The Most Brilliant Assembly of Artists Ever Brought Together.

All Europeans  
FIRST VISIT TO SHANGHAI.

Boxes (6 Seats) .....\$15.00  
" Single Seat ..... 3.00  
Front Chairs ..... 2.00  
Rear Chairs ..... 1.00  
Circle ..... 0.50  
Gallery ..... 0.30

Children Half Price.  
Booking at  
ROBINSON'S PIANO CO.

Afternoon Performances:  
Wednesdays, Saturdays & Sundays, at 5.30

## TOWA CINEMA THEATRE

No. 3 Wochang Road.  
Programme for April 27th, 28th and 29th

"FOR LOVE OF A MAID"  
Pathe-color Photo-Play.  
IN FOUR PARTS  
Produced by Balboa company, featuring Jackie Saunders.

Colonel Heeza Liar, "Ghost-Breaker"  
Comic Cartoon by Bray.  
"WIFLES ACTS THE FOOL"  
"THE INVISIBLE THING"  
Very funny comedies.

Two Shows every night: 7.15 & 9.15  
Dress Circle Seats.....30 Cents.  
Matinee Sunday at 2.30 p.m.



## GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

## Future Sailings

## FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
May 3	3.00	San Francisco	Korea maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
.. 8	..	Seattle, Victoria etc.	Awa maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
.. 14	..	Seattle, Victoria etc.	Yokohama maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
.. 15	..	San Francisco	Siberia maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
.. 16	..	Tacoma & Seattle Wash	Panama maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
.. 18	..	New York via Panama	Tatsuta maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
.. 26	..	San Francisco	Tenyo maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
.. 28	..	Tacoma & Seattle Wash	Manila maru	Jap.	O. S. K.

## FOR JAPAN PORTS

Apr 27	3.00	Nagasaki	Simbirk	Rus.	R. V. F.
.. 28	5.00	Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Hakata maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
May 1	6.00	Nagasaki, Moji & Yokohama	Korea maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
.. 3	..	Kobe & Osaka via Moji	Kumano maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
.. 4	7.00	Kobe	Katori maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
.. 5	..	Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Yamashiro maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
.. 6	..	Moji, Kobe and Yokohama	Awa maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
.. 8	..	Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Omi maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
.. 12	..	Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Chikugo maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

## FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

May 2	5.00	London etc.	Hirano maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
.. 5	8.00	London etc.	Fushimi maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
.. 16	..	London etc.	Kaga maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

## FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Apr 27	4.00	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
.. 27	4.00	Ningpo	Hsin Ningbo	Chi.	N.S.S. Co.
.. 27	2.00	Hongkong	Yokohama maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
.. 28	3.30	Ningpo	Kiangtse	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
.. 28	A.M.	Amoy & Swatow	Tungwah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
.. 28	A.M.	Canton direct	Feichang	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
.. 28	P.M.	Wenchow via Ningpo	Poochi	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
.. 29	D.L.	Swatow, H'kong and Canton	Wosang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
.. 29	D.L.	Hongkong and Canton	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.
.. 30	D.L.	Hongkong	Fanama maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
May 1	D.L.	Hongkong & Canton	Chenan	Br.	B. & S.
.. 1	D.L.	Swatow	Tamsui	Br.	B. & S.
.. 3	10.00	Hongkong & Canton	Szechuen	Br.	B. & S.
.. 5	5.00	Hongkong	Tenyo maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
.. 8	..	Takao via F'chow & Keelung	Keelung maru	Jap.	O. S. K.

## FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Apr 27	D.L.	Haichow	Hanchow	Br.	B. & S.
.. 27	3.00	Vladivostok	Simbirk	Rus.	R. V. F.
.. 27	2.00	Tsingtao and Dainy	Kobe maru	Jap.	S. M. B.
.. 27	noon	Tsingtao	Omo maru	Jap.	S. M. B.
.. 28	10.00	Weihaei, Chefoo & T'sin	Tungchow	Br.	B. & S.
May 1	7.00	Dainy	Sakaki maru	Jap.	S. M. B.
.. 1	3.00	Weihaei, Chefoo & T'sin	Shenzkin	Br.	B. & S.
.. 9	..	T'sin & Dainy via Tsingtao	Koboku maru	Jap.	O. S. K.

## FOR RIVER PORTS

Apr 27	M.N.	Hankow etc.	Luanyi	Br.	B. & S.
.. 27	M.N.	do	Sulwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
.. 27	M.N.	do	Tehsing	Br.	Geddes & Co.
.. 27	M.N.	do	Feichang maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
.. 27	M.N.	do	Neukin	Br.	B. & S.
.. 27	M.N.	do	Kiangtse	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
.. 27	M.N.	do	Tachin	Jap.	N. Y. K.
.. 27	M.N.	do	Katow	Br.	J. M. & Co.
.. 27	M.N.	do	Kiangtse	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
.. 27	M.N.	do	Yongang maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
May 1	M.N.	do	Tachin	Br.	B. & S.
.. 1	M.N.	Hankow etc.	Shaohing	Jap.	B. & S.
.. 2	M.N.	do	Yachang maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
.. 3	M.N.	do	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
.. 5	M.N.	do	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.

\* A.M. M.N.—Midnight. D.L.—Daylight.

## Arrivals

Date	From	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents	Berth
Apr 26	Ningpo	Kiangtse	2019	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.	KLW
.. 26	Hongkong	Yingchow	1992	Br.	B. & S.	CNPW
.. 26	Tsingtao	Omo maru	621	Jap.	S. M. B.	WSW
.. 26	Dainy	Hanchow	1441	Br.	B. & S.	WTW
.. 26	Hankow	Kobe maru	4536	Jap.	S. M. B.	SMRW
.. 26	Hankow	Sulwo	1931	Br.	J. M. & Co.	SHW
.. 26	Hankow	Feichang maru	2808	Jap.	N. Y. K.	NYKW
.. 26	Hankow	Luanyi	1735	Br.	B. & S.	CNW
.. 26	Hankow	Feichang	994	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.	KLW
.. 26	Tientsin	Tungchow	1263	Br.	B. & S.	CNW
.. 26	Japan	Chikuzen maru	2578	Jap.	N. Y. K.	NYKW
.. 26	Hankow	Tehsing	937	Br.	Geddes & Co.	NSCW
.. 26	Chinwangtao	Proteus	1025	Br.	K. M. A.	KMAW

## Departures

Date	For	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents
Apr 26	Foochow	Hsinchi	1385	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
.. 26	Weihaei, Chefoo & T'sin	Koonshing	3233	Br.	J. M. & Co.
.. 26	Hankow etc.	Kiangtse	1490	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
.. 26	Weihaei, Chefoo & T'sin	Shuntien	1082	Br.	B. & S.
.. 26	Hankow etc.	Talee maru	1126	Jap.	N. Y. K.
.. 26	Hankow etc.	Luenbo	1520	Br.	J. M. & Co.
.. 26	Amoy & Swatow	Tachin	1612	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
.. 26	Hongkong & Canton	Kwellin	1073	Br.	B. & S.
.. 26	Hankow	Hanchow	581	Chi.	H. Y. P. I. Co.
.. 26	Ningpo	Ceylon maru	377	Jap.	N. Y. K.
.. 26	Ningpo	Kiangtse	2012	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.

## Vessels In Harbor And At Woosung

Arrived	From	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents	Berth
Nov 14	Hankow	Albenza	2789	Ger.	Carlowitz	US
Aug 4	Hongkong	Bohemis	4282	Aus.	Aus. Lloyd	B VII
Aug 5	Hongkong	China	3588	Aus.	Aus. Lloyd	B XIII
Aug 8	Hongkong	D. Rickmers	3651	Ger.	H. D. & Co	USA
Dec 27	Nanking	Fortuna	182	Ger.	H. D. & Co	USA
Apr 15	Hongkong	Glenstrae	3054	Br.	Glen Line	CMLW
Apr 25	Japan	Hakata maru	1434	Jap.	N. Y. K.	NYKW
July 16	Hankow	Melchior	1682	Ger.	Melchers	US
July 18	Hankow	Melchior	1682	Ger.	Melchers	US
Mar 18	Ningpo	Melchior	1682	Ger.	Melchers	US
July 30	Tsingtao	Siklan	1840	Ger.	H. A. I. Co	US
July 30	Hongkong	Siklan	3318	Aus.	Aus. Lloyd	B IX
Mar 25	Canton	Stora Nordiska	594	Dan.	G. N. T. Co.	7 p
Apr 25	Vladivostok	Simbirk	1160	Rus.	R. V. F.	7 p
Apr 25	Chinwangtao	Tenyo maru	1250	Jap.	K. M. A.	KMAW
Apr 25	Chinwangtao	Voland	1294	Nor.	K. M. A.	KMAW
Apr 25	Japan	Yokohama maru	6290	Jap.	N. Y. K.	WSW

## Vessels Loading

## For River Ports

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s str. Sulwo, 2,671 tons, Captain Sayle, will leave on Friday, April 27, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd., General Managers, Tel. No. 240.

RIVER PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Luanyi, Capt. Frazer, will leave from the French Bund on Friday, April 27, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Co.'s str. Fengyang Maru, Capt. S. Takano, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Wharf on Saturday, April 28, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

RIVER PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Ngankin, Captain Newcombe, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, April 28, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Co.'s str. Tachi Maru, Capt. E. Matsumoto, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Wharf on Sunday, April 29, at about 12 o'clock midnight. The last steam launch will leave Canton Road jetty at 11 p.m. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The str. Kiangtse, Capt. C. B. Conley, will leave on Sunday night. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

## For Southern Ports

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Hsin Peking, Captain A. Stott R.N.R. will leave from the French Bund on Friday, the 27th Apr. at 4 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WENCHOW via NINGPO.—The str. Poochi, Capt. J. Mackie, will leave on Saturday night. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

AMOI and SWATOW.—The str. Tungwah, Capt. D. D. Ross, will leave on Saturday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

CANTON DIRECT.—The str. Feichang, Capt. A. B. Baines, will leave on Saturday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Yingchow, Captain Gibbs, will leave from the French Bund on Sunday, April 29, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG.—The str. Panama, Maru Capt. H. Yamamoto, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtse-poo Wharf on Monday, Apr. 30 at daylight. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Customs Jetty at 9 p.m. on the previous day. For Freight or Passage apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234.

HONGKONG.—The str. Tenyo Maru, 22,000 tons, Capt. H. S. Smith, will leave on Sunday, May 6. The tender conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs Jetty at 5 p.m. For Passage apply to Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

## For Northern Ports

WEIHAIEI, CHEFOO and TIEN-TSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Tungchow, Captain Bennett, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, April 28, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WEIHAIEI, CHEFOO and TIEN-TSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s str. Shengking, Capt. McIntosh, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, May 1, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

## For Foreign Ports

SAN FRANCISCO via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA and HONOLULU.—The str. Korea Maru, 18,000 tons, Capt. Ota, will leave on Thursday, May 3. Passengers booked to all points in America, and ports in Great Britain and Europe. The tender conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs Jetty at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to The American Trading Company.

## For Japan

NAGASAKI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA.—The str. Korea Maru, 18,000 tons, Capt. Ota, will leave on Thursday, May 3. The tender conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs Jetty at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to The American Trading Company.

## C. N. C.

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## YANGTSE RIVER &amp; CHINA COAST PORTS. FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

For CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG and HANKOW.—S.S. Luanyi, Ngankin, Poyang, Tatung, Tungchow and Wuchang.—Sailing from the French Bund at midnight. These steamers connect with the Company's regular lines on the Upper Yangtze and Hunan Lake.

\*The s.s. Wuchang is especially fitted to handle heavy lifts. Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at midnight.

For HONGKONG and CANTON.—S.S. Anhui, Chonan, Yingchow, Shikang, Shantung and Sunning.—Sailing from the French Bund and connection at Hongkong with the Company's steamers for Hoihow, Pakhoi, Haiphong, Manila, Cebu, Iloilo, Zamboanga and Australian ports. Sailing from the French Bund every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday.

For TIEN-TSIN and PEKING via WEIHAIEI and CHEFOO.—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shuntien and Shengking.—Sailing from the French Bund every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

For NINGPO.—S.S. Hsin Peking.—Sailing from the French Bund. Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4 p.m. The above steamers are fitted with Electric Light throughout, with Steam Heaters in the State Rooms and Dining Saloon, and are otherwise completely fitted for the comfort and convenience of passengers.

For further particulars regarding passage money, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE," obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car Express Train Co., or from Messrs. THOMAS COOK & SON, Poochow Road.

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For further information re freight and passage, apply to B. C. HAILE ANDERSEN, MEYER & CO., LTD. Agents.

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"PANAMA MARU" .. (12,000 tons) Capt. H. Yamamoto May 15, 16

"MANILA MARU" .. (18,000 tons) Capt. N. Kobayashi May 27, 28

(For Hongkong)

"PANAMA MARU" .. (12,000 tons) Capt. H. Yamamoto Apr. 29, 30

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"KOHOKU MARU" .. (2,610 tons) Capt. K. Saito .. May 7 9

"MARU" .. (tons) Capt. .. ..

For Foochow, Keelung and Takao .. arr. leave.

"KEELUNG MARU" .. (1,669 tons) Capt. T. Kamashi .. May 6 8

The Company also run numerous steamers from Japan to India, South America, Australia, China, Korea, Vladivostok, and also between the Principal Ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information, please apply to:—

H. YAMAUCHI, OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA

Manager. Union Building, 4 The Bund.

Tel. Address: SHOSEN, SHANGHAI. Tel. Nos. 4047, 4234.

## Men-of-War In Port

Section	Date	From	Name	Flag and Rating	Tons	Guns	Men	Commander
BNE	Apr. 13	Cruise	Quintos	Am-g-b.				Hauson
FP	Apr. 14	Cruise	Samar	Am-g-b.				Timberlake
FAOR	Apr. 14	Cruise	Villalobos	Am-g-b.				Clarke
ODW	Mar. 5	Cruise	Wilmington	Am-g-b.	1392	8	169	Onadwick

The French gunboats D. de La Grosse and Decidee, the Japanese gunboats Fushimi, Sumida and Toba, and the British gunboat Woodlark are not included in this list, being dismantled.

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Subscription to the LIBERTY LOAN is opened in Russia up to the 13/26th of June, 1917.

The price of issue is 85%.

The Loan is free of income tax and other taxation.

The Loan is issued for 55 years, and will be redeemable at par by yearly drawings beginning in December, 1922.

The Loan may be reimbursed at par after the 16/29 of March, 1927.

Coupons are payable in Russia half-yearly, on the 16/29 of March and 16/29 of September.

Interest on the loan runs from the 16/29 of March, 1917; interest from that date will be added to the price of issue.

The Russo-Asiatic Bank, and its Branches in China, Japan and India, are ready to accept applications for the above-named Loan.

Special favourable rates will be quoted for Russian Exchange.

Applications will be wired to Petrograd free of telegraphic charges and commission. The Bank is ready to give every facility to subscribers in the shape of advances against the Bonds.

L. JEZERSKI,  
Manager.  
13616

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M. SPEELMAN

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## IN THE UNITED STATES COURT FOR CHINA

IN RE LAST WILL AND TESTAMENT OF JOHN WRIGHT DAVIDSON.

Deceased

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Pursuant to an order of said Court, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of John Wright Davidson, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers, to James R. Wilkinson, at Soochow, or to John Ker Davis, at Antung, joint executors of said estate, on or before the 27th day of October, 1917; and all persons owing debts to said deceased are hereby notified to make payment of the same in due course to said joint executors.

John Ker Davis,  
c/o American Consulate,  
Antung, China,  
James R. Wilkinson,  
Soochow, China.

JOINT EXECUTORS.

Dated at Shanghai, China,  
April 27th, 1917. 13630

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13620

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NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS  
AN Interim Dividend for the year 1916, at the rate of Fifteen per cent upon the Paid-up Capital, has been declared.  
Warrants for 1/2% per share, payable at the Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation at Ex: 3/6% per Tael will be issued on 5th May.

The Transfer Books will be closed from 28th April to 5th May, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Court of Directors,  
H. G. SIMMS,  
Secretary.

Shanghai, 25th April, 1917. 13607

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Tel. North 255

## The Oriental Cotton Spinning Co., Limited.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual General Meeting of the Oriental Cotton Spinning Co., Ltd., will be held at the Office of the General Managers, 4 The Bund, on Tuesday, the 1st day of May, 1917, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

NOTICE is also given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Oriental Cotton Spinning Co., Ltd., will be held immediately after the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing as extraordinary resolutions the following, viz:—

(1) That it is desirable to reconstruct the Company, and accordingly that the Company be wound up voluntarily, and that Edward Anderson Mackay, C.A., of 28 Peking Road, Shanghai, be and he is hereby appointed Liquidator for the purposes of such winding up.

(2) That the said Liquidator be and he is hereby authorized to consent to the registration of a new Company to be named The Oriental Cotton Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited, with a Memorandum and Articles of Association which have already been prepared with the privity and approval of the Directors of this Company.

(3) That the draft Agreement submitted to this meeting and expressed to be made between this Company and its Liquidator of the one part, and The Oriental Cotton Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited, of the other part, be and the same is hereby approved, and that the said Liquidator be and he is hereby authorised, pursuant to Section 185 of the Companies Ordinance (Hongkong), 1911, to enter into an Agreement with such new Company (when incorporated) in the terms of the said draft, and to carry the same into effect with such (if any) modifications as he thinks expedient.

Should the above resolutions be passed by the requisite majority, they will be submitted for confirmation as special resolutions to a second extraordinary general meeting, which will be held on Wednesday, the 16th day of May, 1917, at the same time and place.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 25th April to 1st May, 1917, both days inclusive.

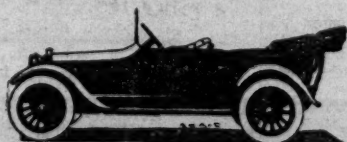
Proxies to be valid must be lodged at the Company's offices not less than 48 hours before the time of holding the Meeting.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

H. E. ARNHOLD,

General Managers. 13593

Shanghai, 19th April, 1917.



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## AVISO

Sao por esta forma intimados os interessados no espólio do falecido Adroaldo Baldrice Severim a assistir querendo ao arrolamento dos bens da heranca por elle deixados e que tera lugar no proximo dia 28 do corrente pelas 3 horas da tarde em Broadway No. 124.

Consulado Geral de Portugal em  
Shanghai, 26 de Abril de 1917.

O Consul Geral

Jorge R. d'Oliveira.

13625

## LOST

ON Sunday, April 22, in the Nanking station of the Shanghai-Nanking Railway, a Native order, No. 4604, for \$1,600, payable on the 6th day of the 3rd moon (April 26th) to the order of Ang Kee, issued by the Yih Dah Bank.

The public are warned not to negotiate the order, as same has been declared null and void.

YEH AH-SHANG.

Shanghai, April 24th, 1917.

13602

## LOST

Two Bank orders, Nos. 4568 and 4569, each value of \$500, both due on the 29th day of 2nd intercalary moon, issued by the Yung Foong Bank (永豐莊), having been lost, due to theft, while bearer was travelling in a tramcar, the public are hereby warned not to negotiate the said orders, which have been declared null and void at the above Bank.

Woo Szu Yun.

吳如雲啓

13610

## EDUCATIONAL

PIANO LESSONS wanted by an American. Particulars and terms to Box 463, THE CHINA PRESS.

13622 A 29

LADY, knowing perfectly French, English, Russian and Chinese, seeks occupation. Apply to Box 455, THE CHINA PRESS.

13603 A 28

PRIVATE lessons in English by certificated professional English lady teacher. Reasonable terms. Apply to Box 452, THE CHINA PRESS.

13591 M 1

LESSONS in German given by experienced lady-teacher. Terms moderate. Please apply to North Szechuen Road. 11-2, Room 7.

13576 A 28

## TRANSLATIONS

TRANSLATOR, who has considerable experience in legal, consular, syndicate, journalistic, commercial and official translation work, undertakes translation in English and Chinese of agreements, petitions, letters, legal documents, advertisements, and commercial documents, etc. Please apply to Chang Nieh-yun, c/o 1-a Peking Road, or P.D., 159 Haining Road opposite West End Lane.

Business and Official Notices  
are Continued on  
Page 13

## Classified Advertisements

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

All Advertisements must  
be Prepaid

Replies must be  
called for

## APARTMENTS

### WINDSOR HOUSE

14-15 Quinsan Gardens

Comfortable rooms (Front and back, with bathrooms and verandah) to let. Moderate prices. Good table.  
Tel. 3482 3408

### Nos. 8 & 11 Quinsan Gardens

(Facing Park)

A large flat, two large and one small room, with board. Bath-room and verandah attached; very cool summer time. Tel. 1946

## BOARD-RESIDENCE

Location: Central, quiet, and select. Terms: Monthly and very moderate. Cuisine and Service: Excellent. Apply to Box No. 184, THE CHINA PRESS.

12976

TO LET, a small unfurnished room. Terms moderate. Apply to Box 467, THE CHINA PRESS.

13627

WESTERN DISTRICT, to let, with board, double bedroom, facing south, bathroom and verandah attached. Suitable for married couple. Apply to Box 464, THE CHINA PRESS.

13626 A 29

TO LET, with board, Western district, in private British home, flat of two or three rooms. Apply to Box 465, THE CHINA PRESS.

13626 A 29

TO LET, in good central location, a bright, cool, well-furnished attic room. Excellent board and attendance. Elevator and phone. Terms \$70. Apply to Box 499, THE CHINA PRESS.

12580

TO LET, a nicely furnished room, with bathroom attached. Breakfast if required. Rent moderate. Apply 57 Range Road.

13627 A 28

TO LET, a flat of two rooms, bathroom and kitchen, or single room, near the tram line and in a quiet locality. Apply to 9 Boundary Lane.

13619 A 27 29

TO LET, well-furnished room with small room, bathroom, balcony attached. Suitable married couple or bachelors. Terms moderate. 12a Quinsan Gardens.

13597 A 29

CONNAUGHT HOUSE, 3 Minghong Road, phone 2650. Family home. Centrally located. Terms moderate. Excellent cuisine.

13542

## MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED, to find someone having wholesale business dealings in art postcards and pictures. Apply to H. B. C., 23 Darroch Road.

13623 A 28

## Exchange and Mart

FOR SALE, Harley-Davidson motor-cycle, twin cylinder, three-speed gear, with a Cynet rear car to hold three people, for \$900. Been in use only for five months. Apply to S. K. Tsao, Chinese Y. M. C. A., 120 Szechuen Road.

13628

FOR SALE, a Chinese pony and two-seated pony surrey, with new harness. Pony sound and well-trained; can be driven by lady or child. Owner leaving for home. Any reasonable offer will be considered. Address Dr. Evans, Nanking.

13613 M 1

SHAW 2 1/2 h.p. motor-cyclette for sale, brand new. Tls. 150. Apply to Box 456, THE CHINA PRESS.

13606 M 2

HOUSE BOAT for sale. Sailing yacht, \$500. Lyman L. Hale, Wuhu, China.

13555

## SITUATION VACANT

WANTED a competent stenographer. Apply to Box 463, THE CHINA PRESS.

13616 A 29

WANTED: Experienced accountant, capable of taking charge of set of books. State experience, nationality, and salary required. Must produce references. Good prospects. Apply to Box 454, THE CHINA PRESS.

13604

WANTED: Office assistant and outside salesman. Salary and commission. Good opportunity for right person. Either sex. Apply Office Appliance Co.

13592 A 27

## HOUSES WANTED

WANTED, six-roomed house in the Western district or French-town, on or before the first of June. Apply to Box 406, THE CHINA PRESS.

13498 T. F.

## OFFICES WANTED

WANTED: Offices, about 3 to 4 rooms, with ample godown accommodation. Apply to Box 433, THE CHINA PRESS.

13554 A 27

## SITUATIONS WANTED

LADY, with knowledge of Russian wants position for general office work. Apply to Box 466, THE CHINA PRESS.

13627

POSITION WANTED by a reliable, hard-working young man, with a fair knowledge of drafting and building construction; good knowledge of Chinese. No objection to outport. Moderate salary. Apply to Box 457, THE CHINA PRESS.

13608 A 28

POSITION wanted by young Japanese as general office assistant. Knowledge of bookkeeping. Hard worker. Apply to Box 441, THE CHINA PRESS.

13566 A 28

IF you want a good Japanese servant, apply to Iwayaya, No. C-1562 Kashing Road, Shanghai.

13595

## HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, 6-roomed, furnished house in French-town, from June 9th to November 1st. Apply to Box 460, THE CHINA PRESS.

13612 T. F.

BROADWAY TERRACE, 4-roomed houses to let in Broadway. Apply to 10 Yangtzeppoo Road.

13601 M 1

FOR SALE, Ford landaulette, in excellent condition. Price Tls. 1,200, or near offer. Apply to Box 468, THE CHINA PRESS.

13629 A 29

FOR SALE, one Standard adding machine, as new, \$250. Apply to Box 461, THE CHINA PRESS.

13614 A 28

FOR SALE, Land in the British concession, Hankow; one desirable Lot, No. 71 (232 fong), on the Poyang Road, next to the Russian Church. For particulars, apply to T. J. Hollander, American Church Mission, Hankow.

13474 T. F.

Amusement Advertising  
will be found on  
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